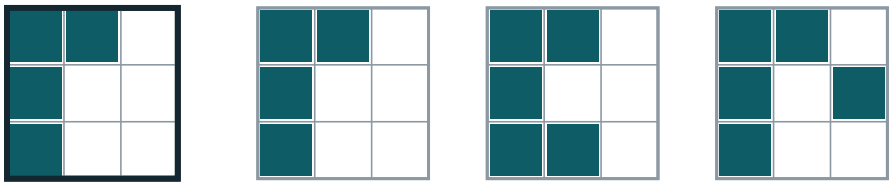
Tuiles jumelles

Grande section | 2026-11-02 | Fiche

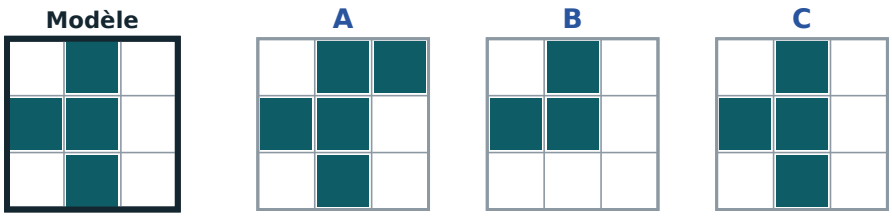
Un adulte peut lire la consigne à voix haute. Regarde la tuile modèle dans le cadre. L'une des tuiles à côté est exactement pareille. Montre chaque case du doigt en comparant.

Entoure la lettre de la tuile identique au modèle. Dans chacune des autres, une case est différente.

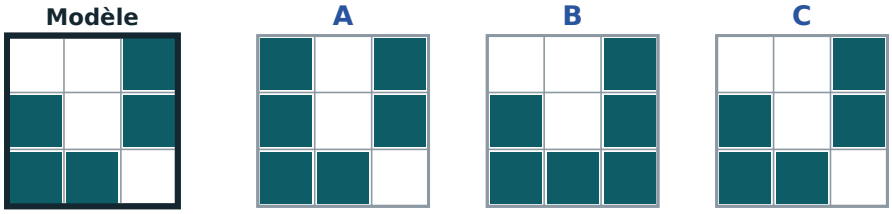
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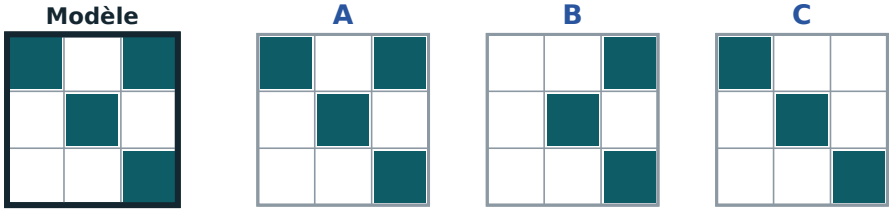
02



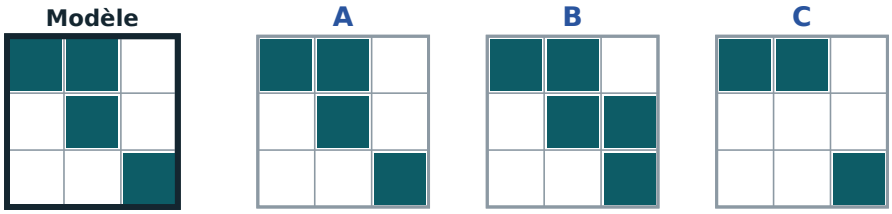
03



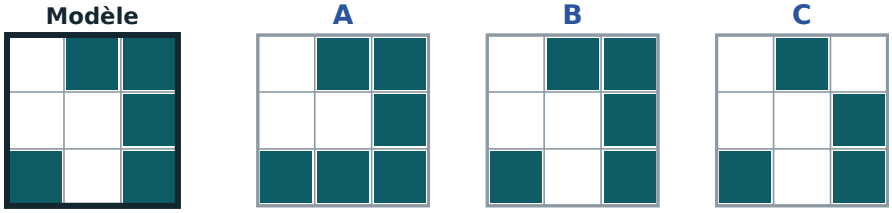
04



05



06

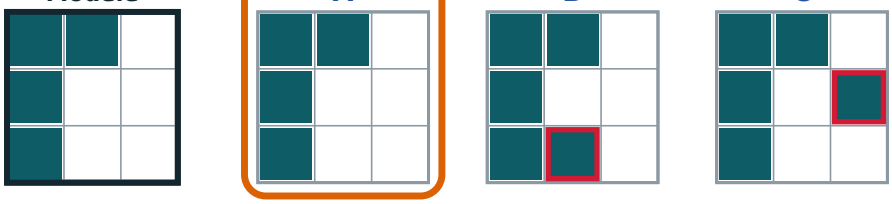


Tuiles jumelles

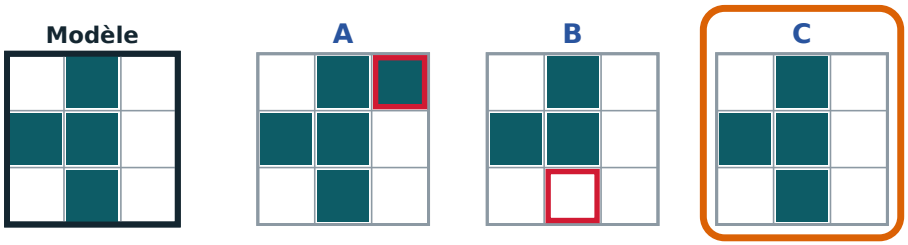
Grande section | 2026-11-02 | Corrigé

Les anneaux orange indiquent les réponses. Les cadres rouges signalent les cases qui rendent chaque mauvaise tuile différente du modèle.

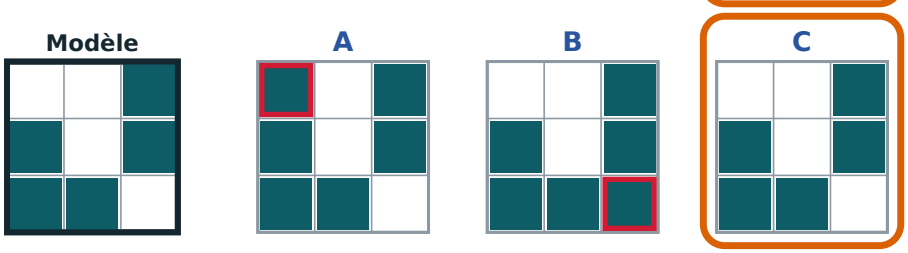
01



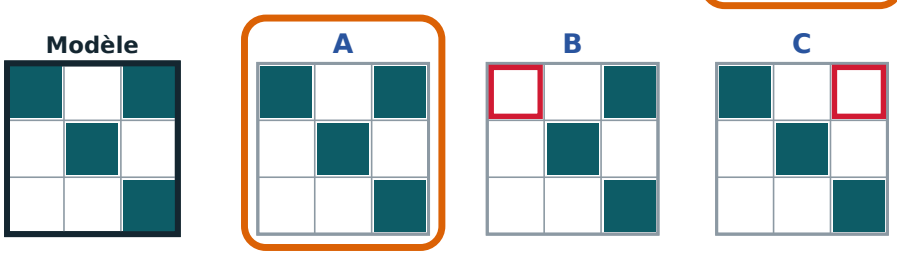
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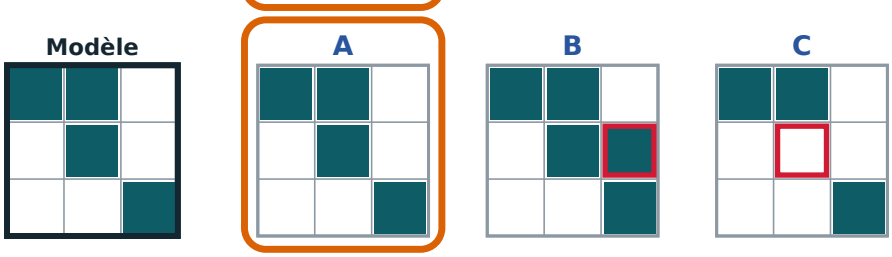
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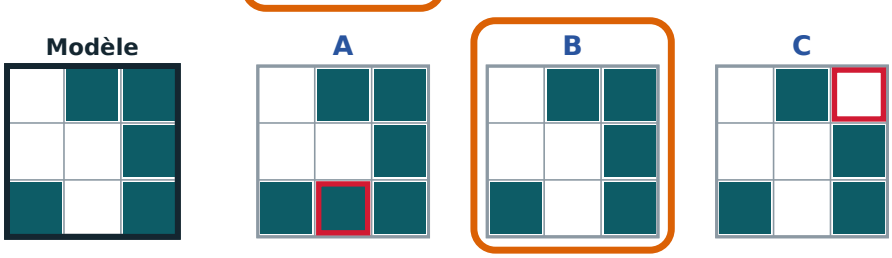
04



05



06



Tuiles jumelles

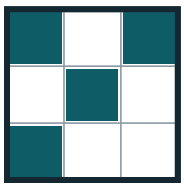
CP | 2026-11-02 | Fiche

Chaque tuile est une petite grille de cases. Une case peut être vide, foncée ou porter un point orange. Compare case par case et trouve la tuile qui est vraiment identique. Chaque exercice n’a qu’une seule bonne réponse.

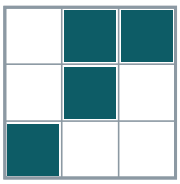
Entoure la jumelle exacte du modèle. Dans les autres, une case foncée a glissé dans la case voisine.

01

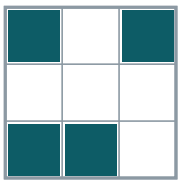
Modèle



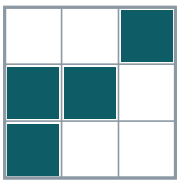
A



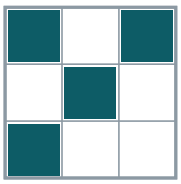
B



C



D

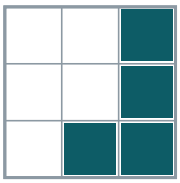


02

Modèle



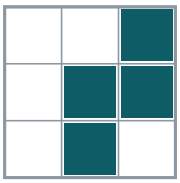
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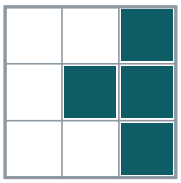
B



C



D

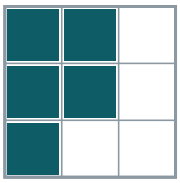


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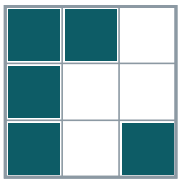
Modèle



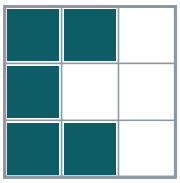
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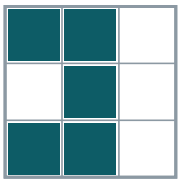
B



C



D

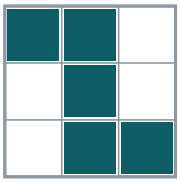


04

Modèle



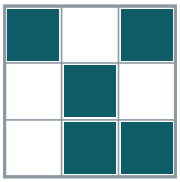
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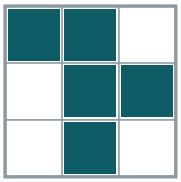
B



C



D

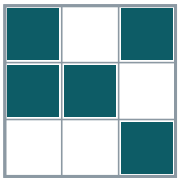


05

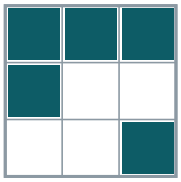
Modèle



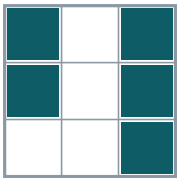
A



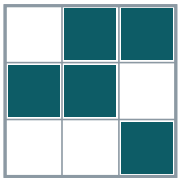
B



C

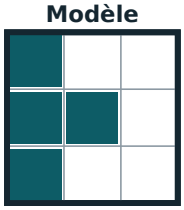


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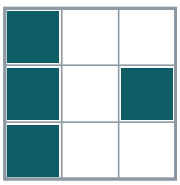


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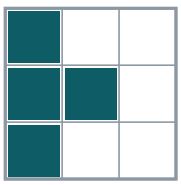
Modèle



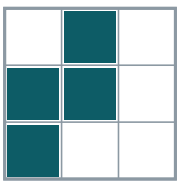
A



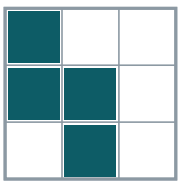
B



C



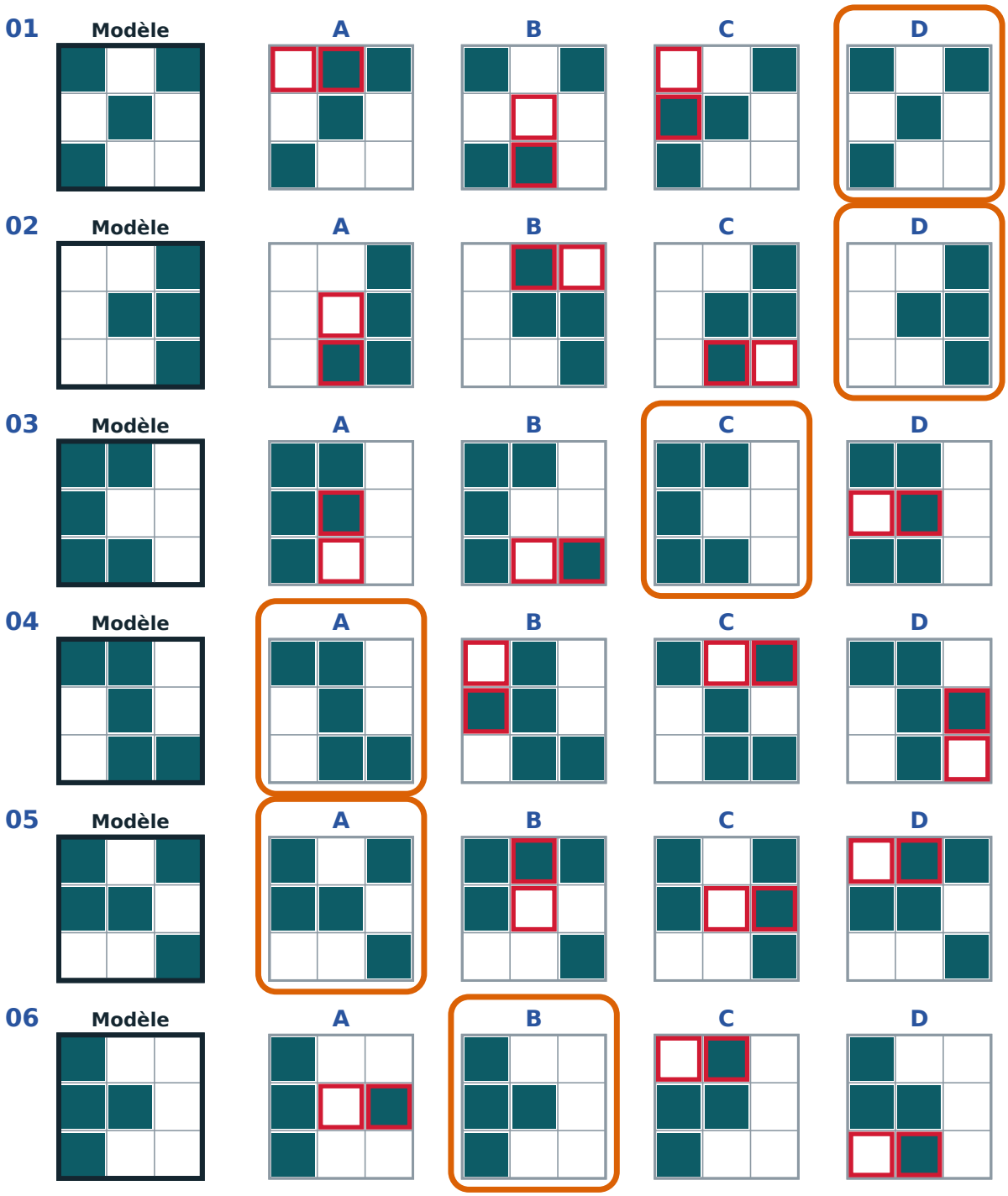
D



Tuiles jumelles

CP | 2026-11-02 | Corrigé

Les anneaux orange indiquent les réponses. Les cadres rouges signalent les cases qui rendent chaque mauvaise tuile différente du modèle.



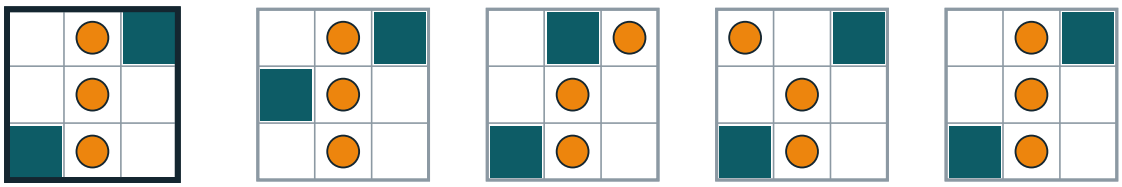
Tuiles jumelles

CE1 | 2026-11-02 | Fiche

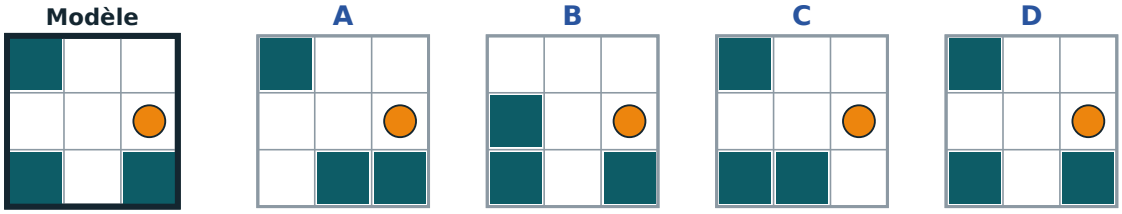
Chaque tuile est une petite grille de cases. Une case peut être vide, foncée ou porter un point orange. Compare case par case et trouve la tuile qui est vraiment identique. Chaque exercice n'a qu'une seule bonne réponse.

Les cases peuvent être vides, foncées ou à point. Entoure la tuile qui correspond au modèle case par case.

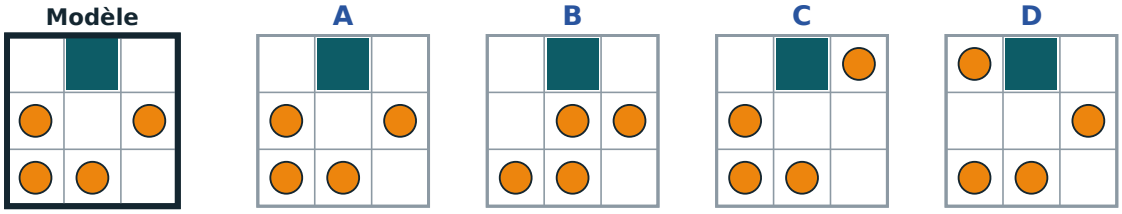
01



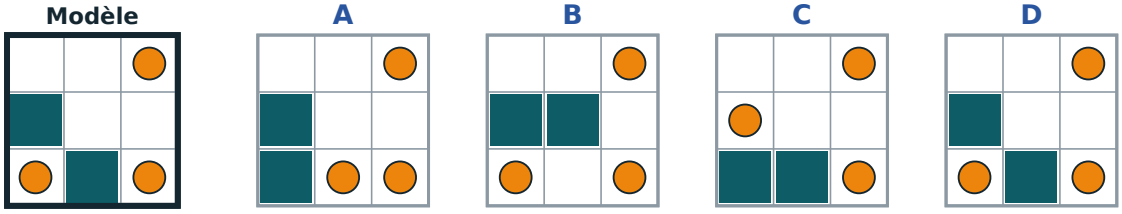
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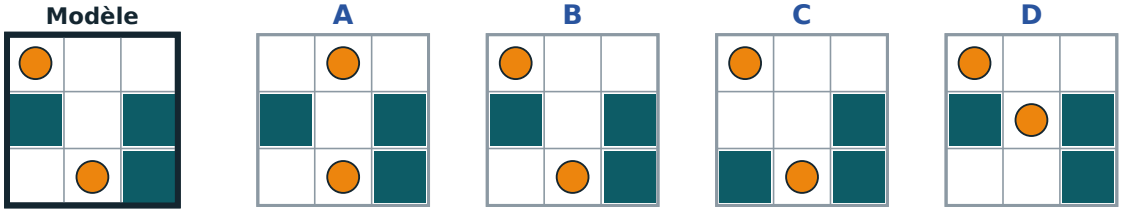
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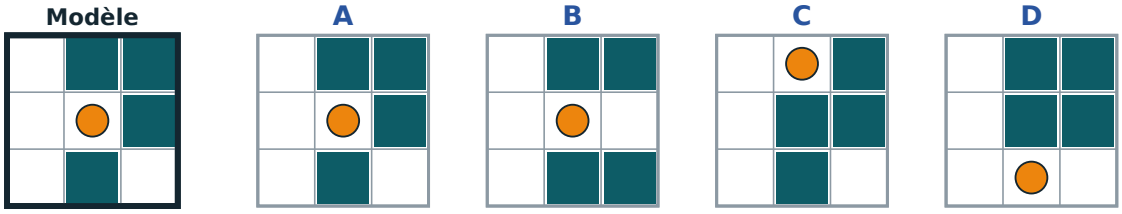
04



05



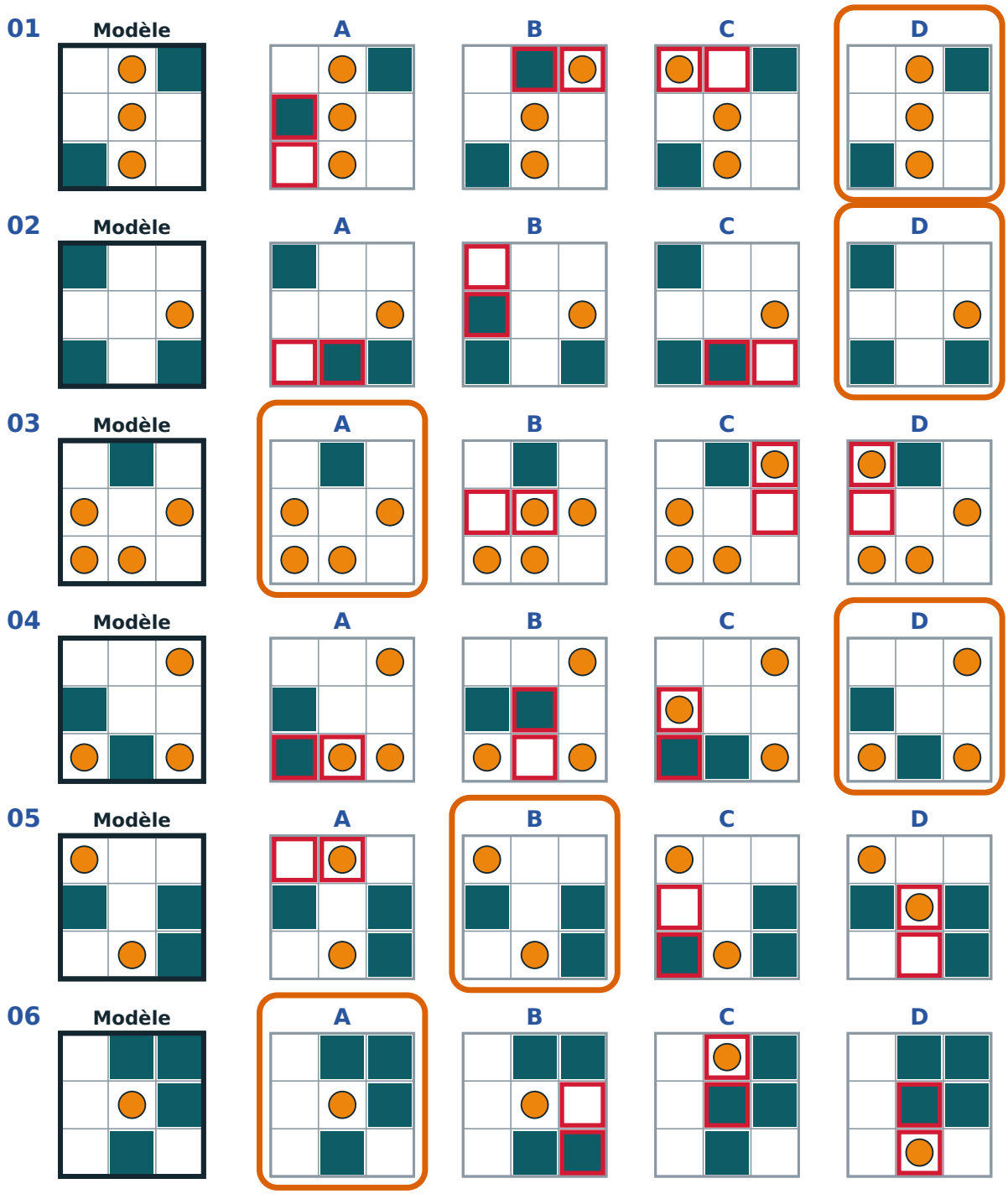
06



Tuiles jumelles

CE1 | 2026-11-02 | Corrigé

Les anneaux orange indiquent les réponses. Les cadres rouges signalent les cases qui rendent chaque mauvaise tuile différente du modèle.



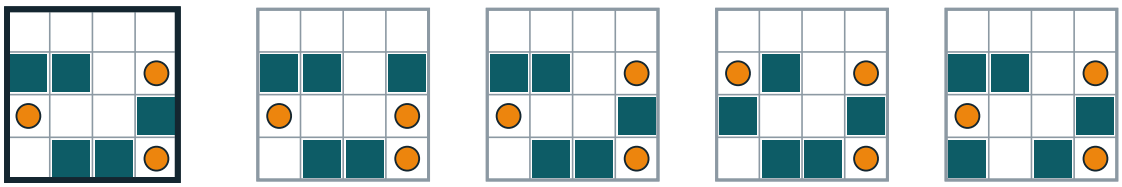
Tuiles jumelles

CE2 | 2026-11-02 | Fiche

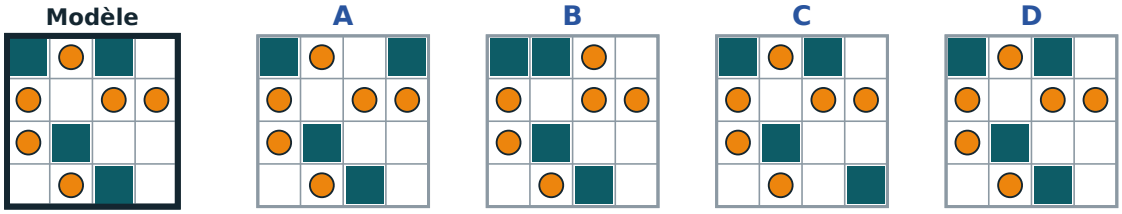
Chaque tuile est une petite grille de cases. Une case peut être vide, foncée ou porter un point orange. Compare case par case et trouve la tuile qui est vraiment identique. Chaque exercice n'a qu'une seule bonne réponse.

Examine le modèle ligne par ligne. Une seule tuile est identique case par case ; dans les autres, deux cases voisines ont échangé leur place.

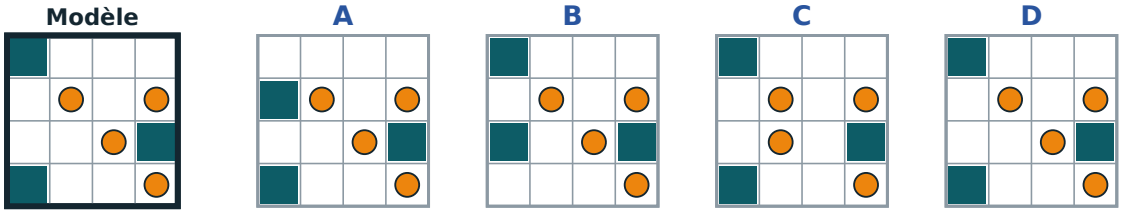
01



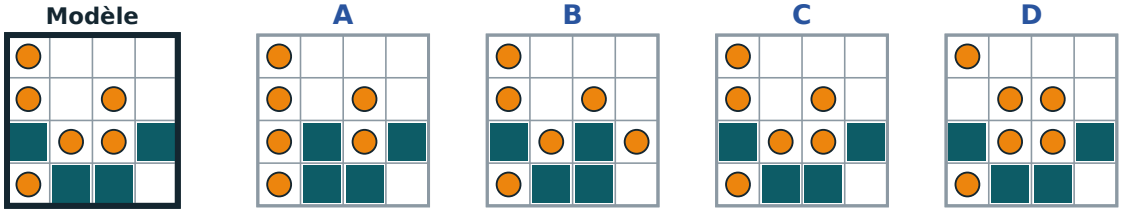
02



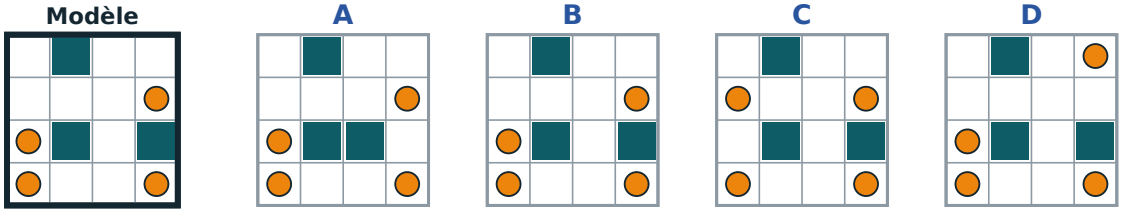
03



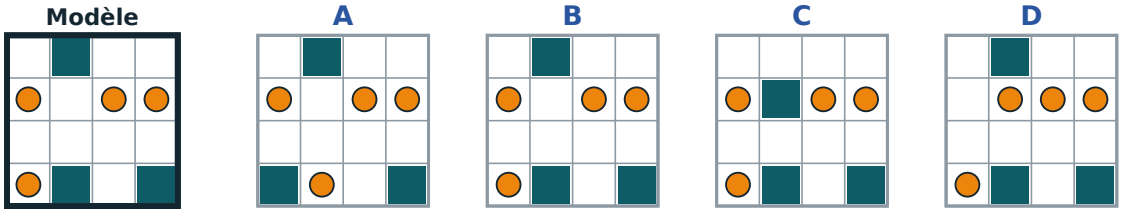
04



05



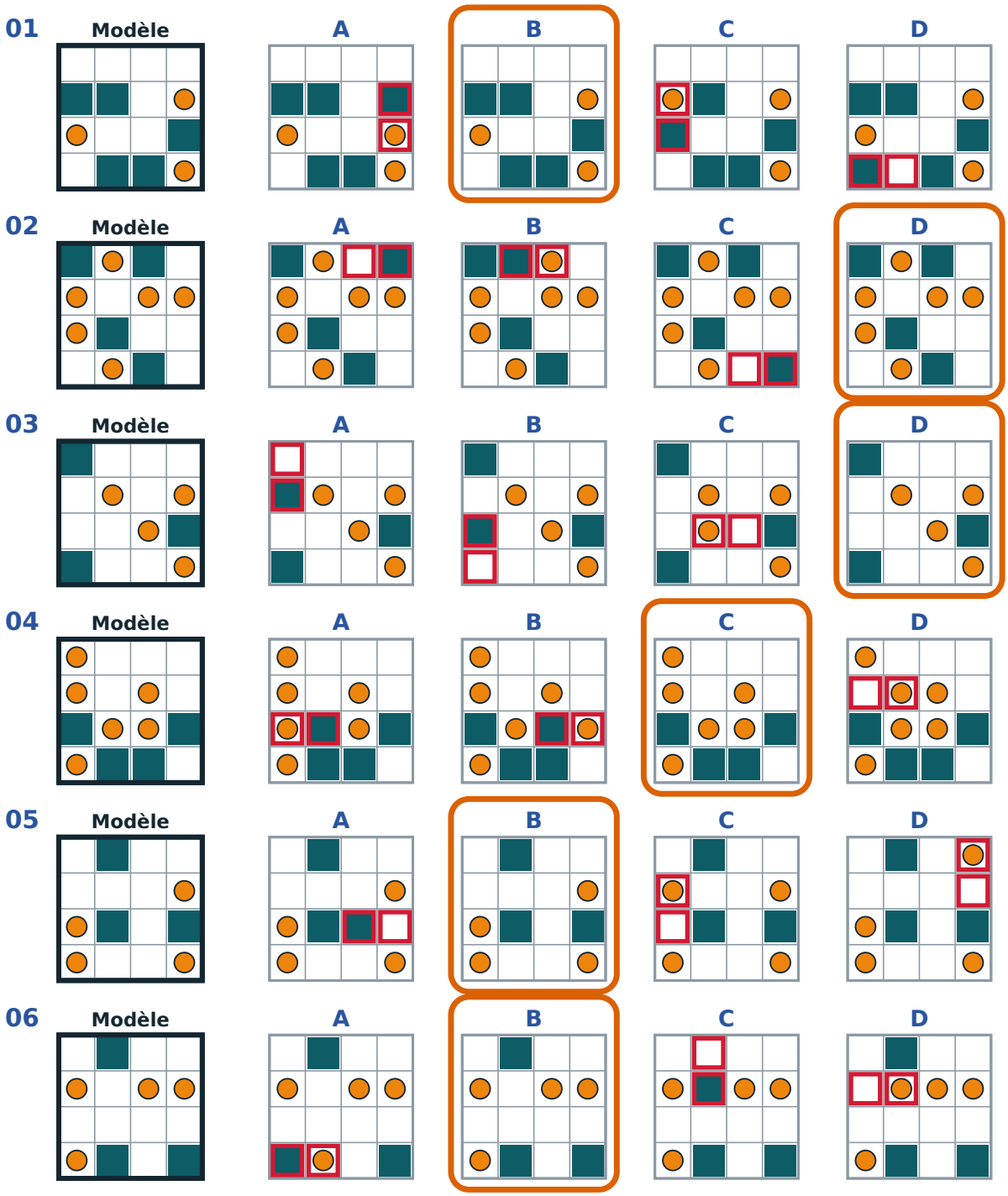
06



Tuiles jumelles

CE2 | 2026-11-02 | Corrigé

Les anneaux orange indiquent les réponses. Les cadres rouges signalent les cases qui rendent chaque mauvaise tuile différente du modèle.



Tuiles jumelles

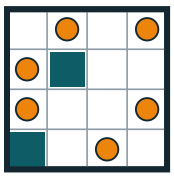
CM1 | 2026-11-02 | Fiche

Chaque tuile est une petite grille de cases. Une case peut être vide, foncée ou porter un point orange. Compare case par case et trouve la tuile qui est vraiment identique. Chaque exercice n’a qu’une seule bonne réponse.

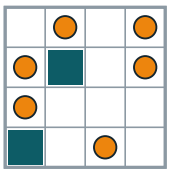
Cette fois, il y a cinq choix. Cache tout sauf une ligne avec une bande de papier, compare, puis descends la bande. Entoure la jumelle exacte.

01

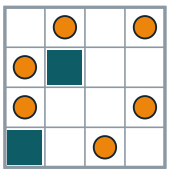
Modèle



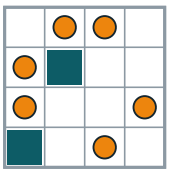
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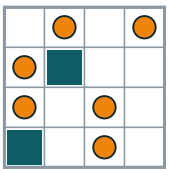
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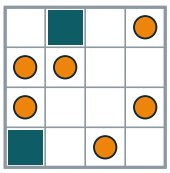
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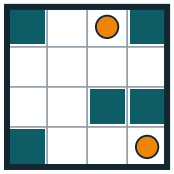


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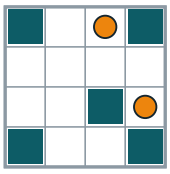


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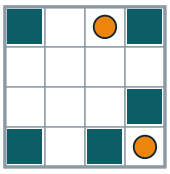
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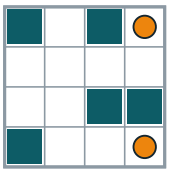
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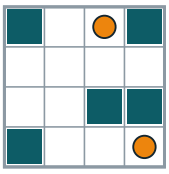
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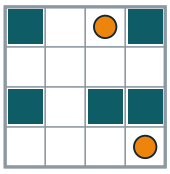
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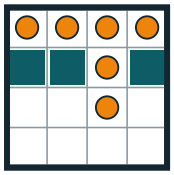


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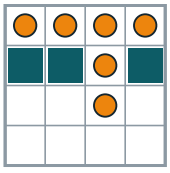


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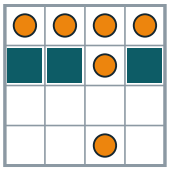
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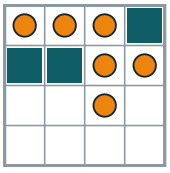
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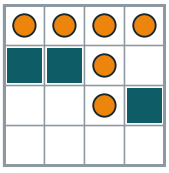
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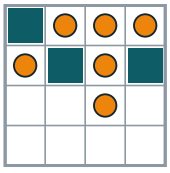
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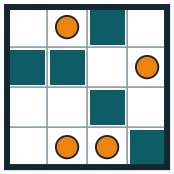


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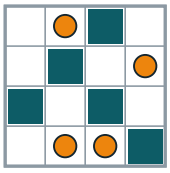


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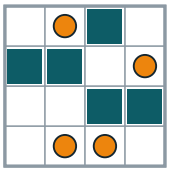
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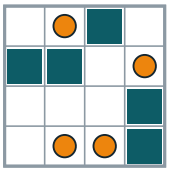
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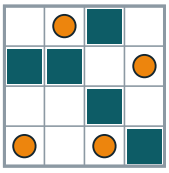
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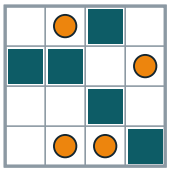
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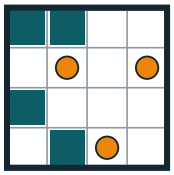


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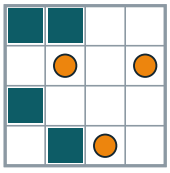


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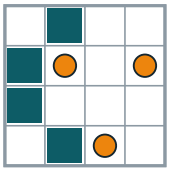
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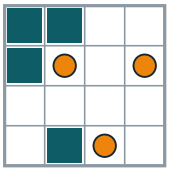
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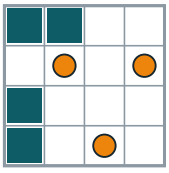
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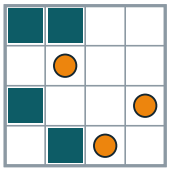
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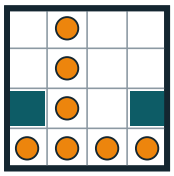


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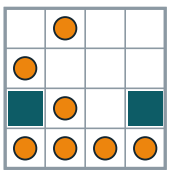


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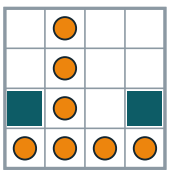
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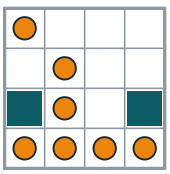
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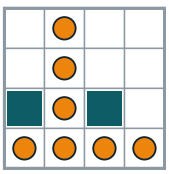
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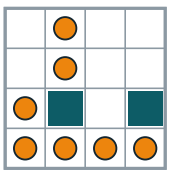
C



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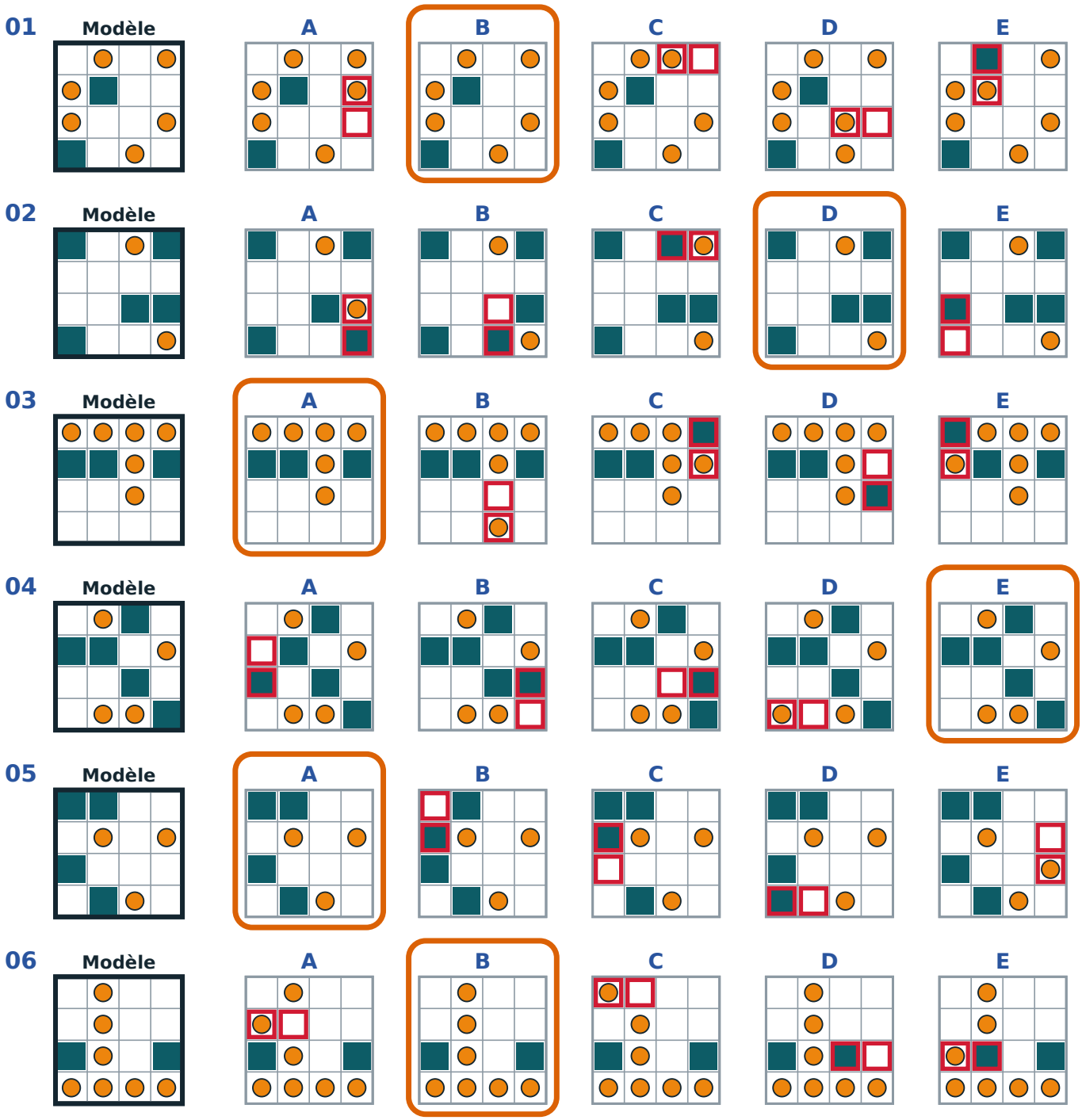
E



Tuiles jumelles

CM1 | 2026-11-02 | Corrigé

Les anneaux orange indiquent les réponses. Les cadres rouges signalent les cases qui rendent chaque mauvaise tuile différente du modèle.



Tuiles jumelles

CM2 | 2026-11-02 | Fiche

Chaque tuile est une petite grille de cases. Une case peut être vide, foncée ou porter un point orange. Compare case par case et trouve la tuile qui est vraiment identique. Chaque exercice n’a qu’une seule bonne réponse.

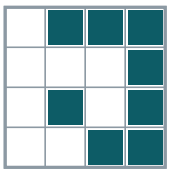
La jumelle a tourné dans le sens des aiguilles d’une montre, sans jamais être retournée. Entoure-la et écris la rotation : 90°, 180° ou 270°.

01

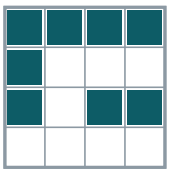
Modèle



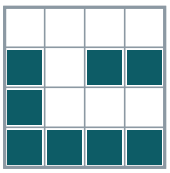
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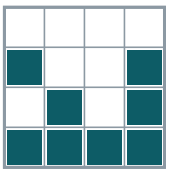
B



C



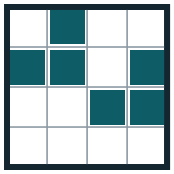
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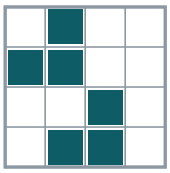
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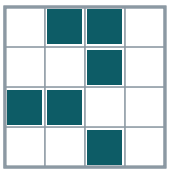
Modèle



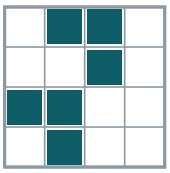
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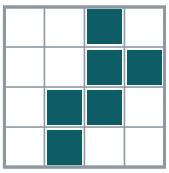
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C



D



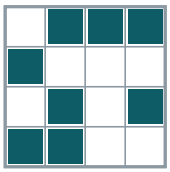
Rotation : _____

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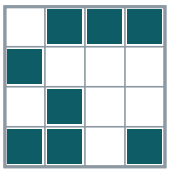
Modèle



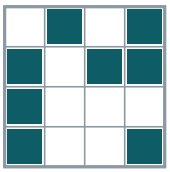
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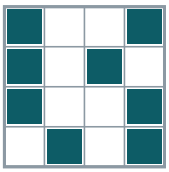
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C



D



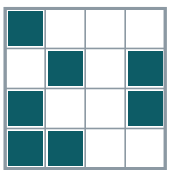
Rotation : _____

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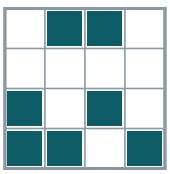
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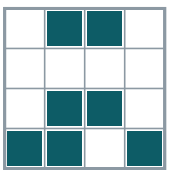
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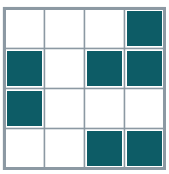
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C



D



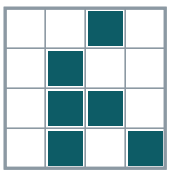
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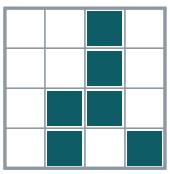
Modèle



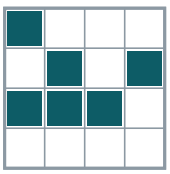
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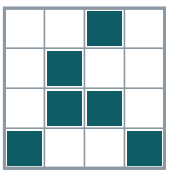
B



C



D



Rotation : _____

Tuiles jumelles

CM2 | 2026-11-02 | Corrigé

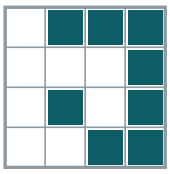
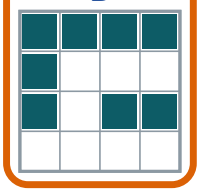
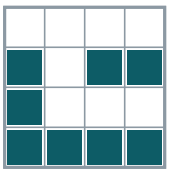
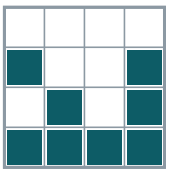
Les anneaux orange indiquent les jumelles ; la rotation dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre est écrite sous le modèle. Les notes rouges expliquent pourquoi les autres tuiles sont écartées : retournée = image miroir, échangée = deux cases ont changé de place.

01

Modèle

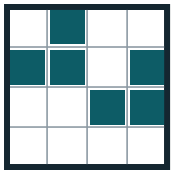


Rotation : 270°

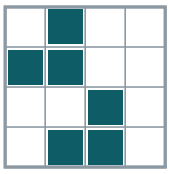
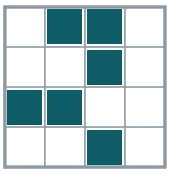
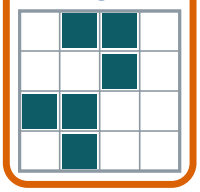
A	B	C	D
			
échangée		retournée	échangée

02

Modèle



Rotation : 270°

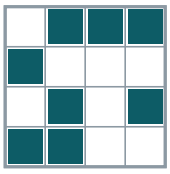
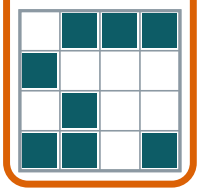
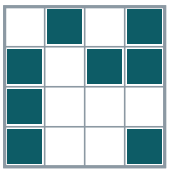
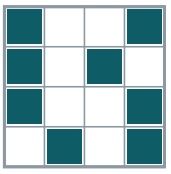
A	B	C	D
			
retournée	échangée		échangée

03

Modèle



Rotation : 180°

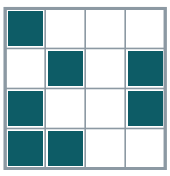
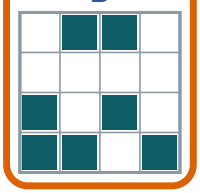
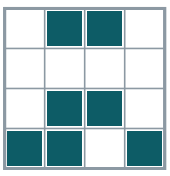
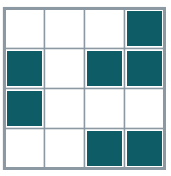
A	B	C	D
			
échangée		retournée	échangée

04

Modèle



Rotation : 90°

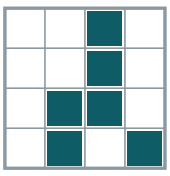
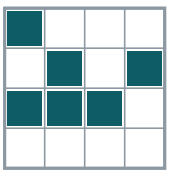
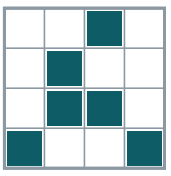
A	B	C	D
			
retournée		échangée	échangée

05

Modèle



Rotation : 270°

A	B	C	D
			
	échangée	retournée	échangée

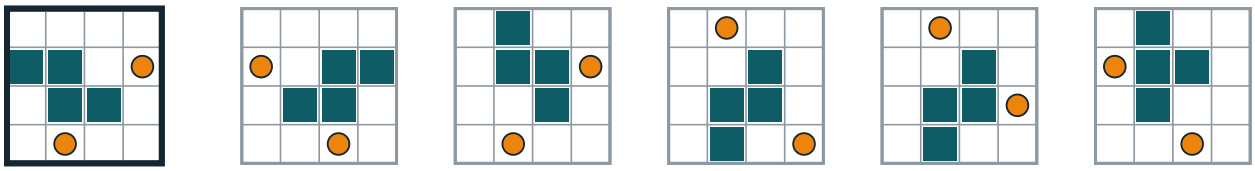
Tuiles jumelles

6e | 2026-11-02 | Fiche

Chaque tuile est une petite grille de cases. Une case peut être vide, foncée ou porter un point orange. Compare case par case et trouve la tuile qui est vraiment identique. Chaque exercice n'a qu'une seule bonne réponse.

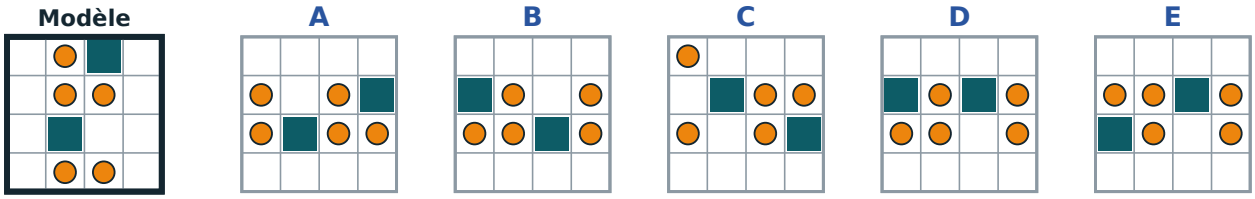
Même consigne, avec des points. Attention : certaines tuiles sont des images miroir, donc retournées, et ne comptent pas. Entoure la jumelle et écris la rotation dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre.

01



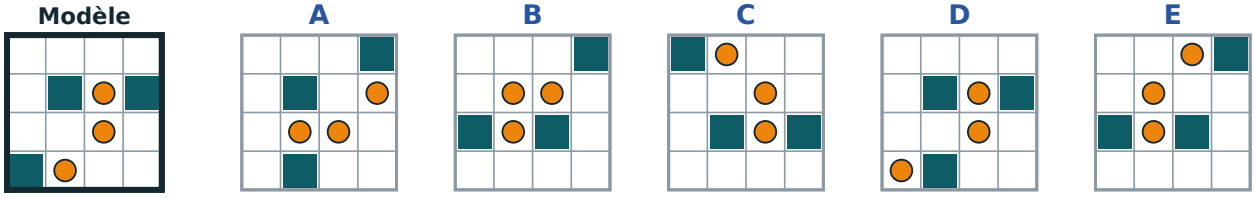
Rotation : _____

02



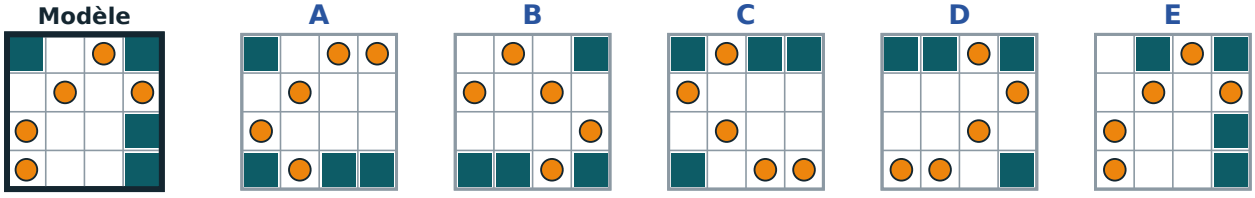
Rotation : _____

03



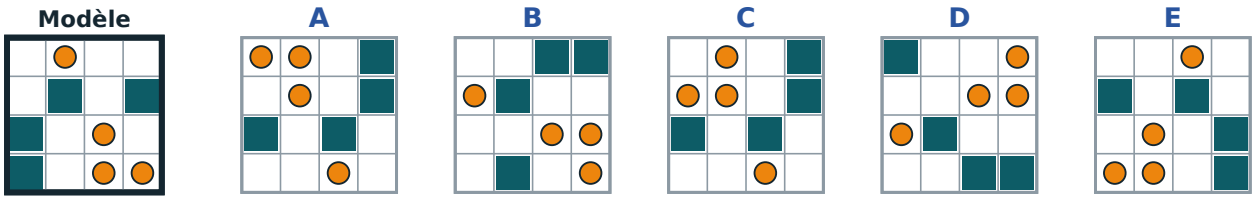
Rotation : _____

04



Rotation : _____

05



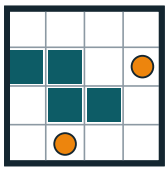
Rotation : _____

Tuiles jumelles

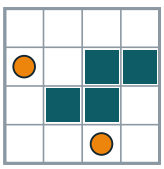
6e | 2026-11-02 | Corrigé

Les anneaux orange indiquent les jumelles ; la rotation dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre est écrite sous le modèle. Les notes rouges expliquent pourquoi les autres tuiles sont écartées : retournée = image miroir, échangée = deux cases ont changé de place.

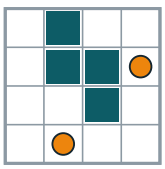
01



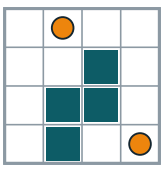
Rotation : **270°**



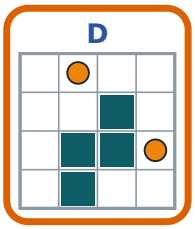
retournée

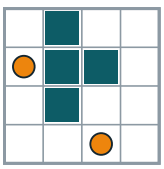


retournée



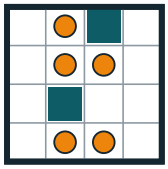
échangée



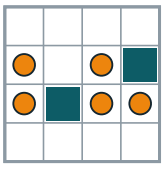


échangée

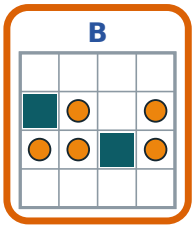
02

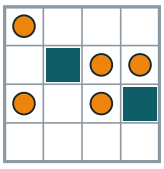


Rotation : **270°**

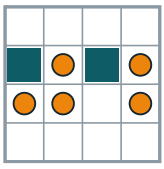


retournée

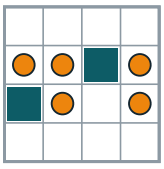




échangée

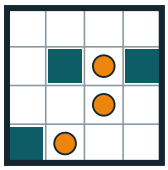


échangée

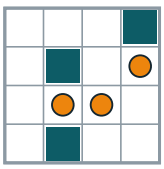


retournée

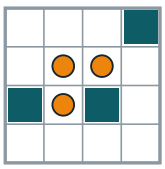
03



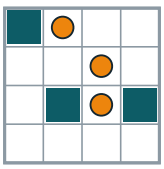
Rotation : **180°**



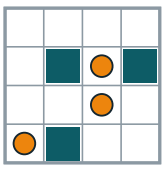
retournée



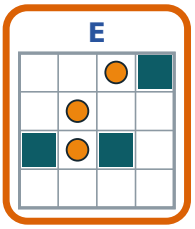
échangée



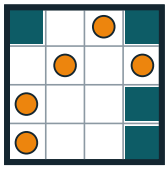
retournée



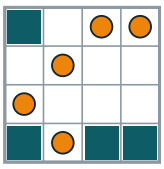
échangée



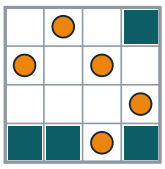
04



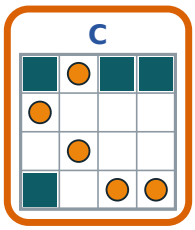
Rotation : **270°**

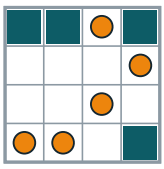


retournée

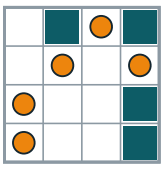


échangée



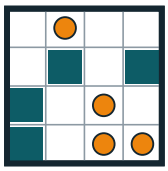


retournée

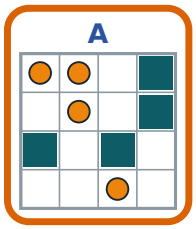


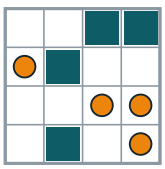
échangée

05

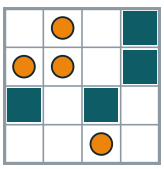


Rotation : **180°**

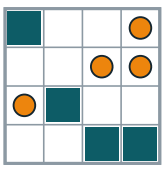




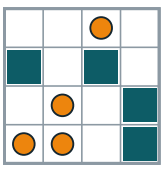
retournée



échangée



échangée



retournée

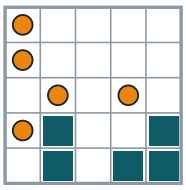
Tuiles jumelles

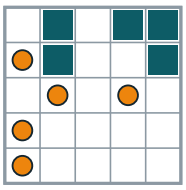
5e | 2026-11-02 | Fiche

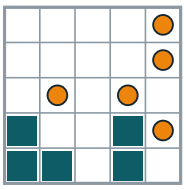
Chaque tuile est une petite grille de cases. Une case peut être vide, foncée ou porter un point orange. Compare case par case et trouve la tuile qui est vraiment identique. Chaque exercice n'a qu'une seule bonne réponse.

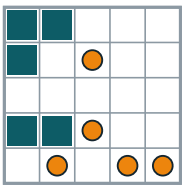
Quatre tuiles sont la même tuile tournée dans différents sens. Une seule est l'intruse : elle a été retournée ou deux de ses cases ont été échangées. Entoure-la.

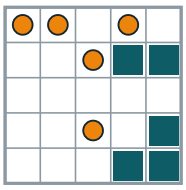
01

A 

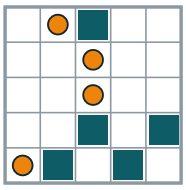
B 

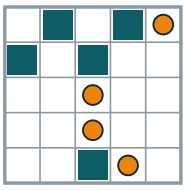
C 

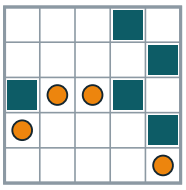
D 

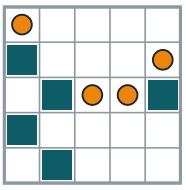
E 

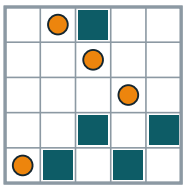
02

A 

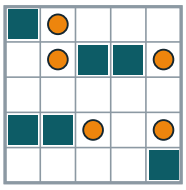
B 

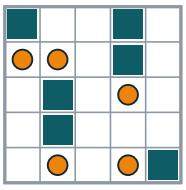
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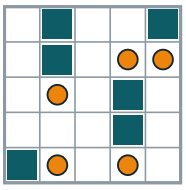
D 

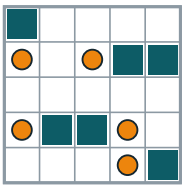
E 

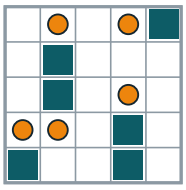
03

A 

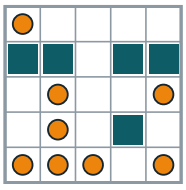
B 

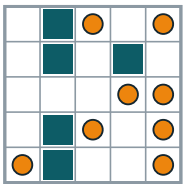
C 

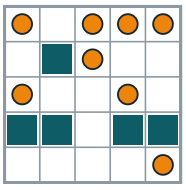
D 

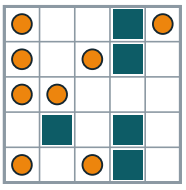
E 

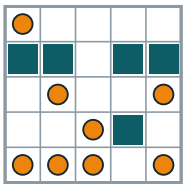
04

A 

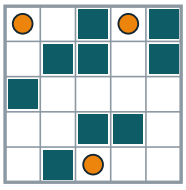
B 

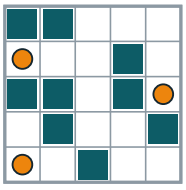
C 

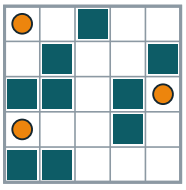
D 

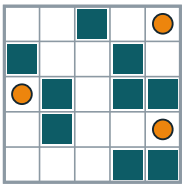
E 

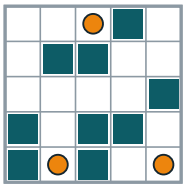
05

A 

B 

C 

D 

E 

Tuiles jumelles

5e | 2026-11-02 | Corrigé

L’anneau orange indique l’intruse. La note rouge explique pourquoi : retournée = image miroir des autres, échangée = deux cases ont changé de place.

01 — A, B, C, D, E — retournée

02 — A, B, C, D, E — échangée

03 — A, B, C, D, E — retournée

04 — A, B, C, D, E — échangée

05 — A, B, C, D, E — retournée

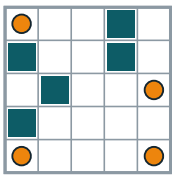
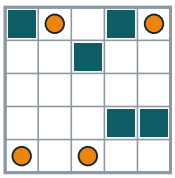
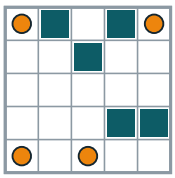
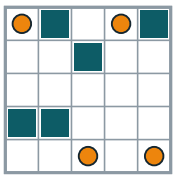
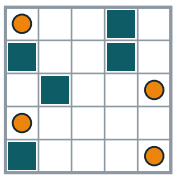
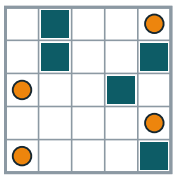
Tuiles jumelles

4e | 2026-11-02 | Fiche

Chaque tuile est une petite grille de cases. Une case peut être vide, foncée ou porter un point orange. Compare case par case et trouve la tuile qui est vraiment identique. Chaque exercice n’a qu’une seule bonne réponse.

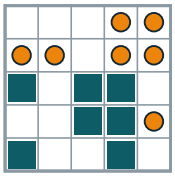
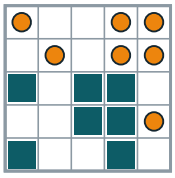
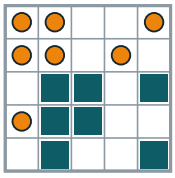
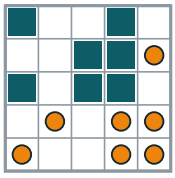
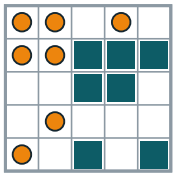
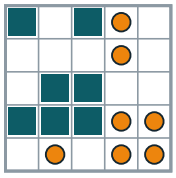
Les six tuiles forment trois paires. Dans une paire, une tuile est l’autre après une rotation, jamais retournée. Écris les trois paires, par exemple A–D.

01

A  B  C  D  E  F 

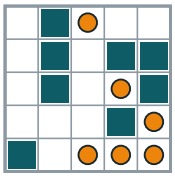
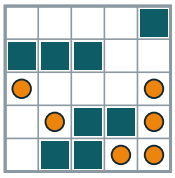
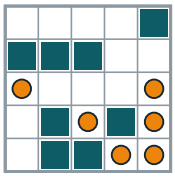
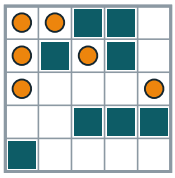
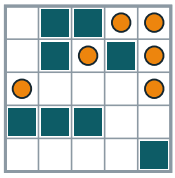
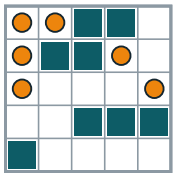
Paires : _____ _____ _____

02

A  B  C  D  E  F 

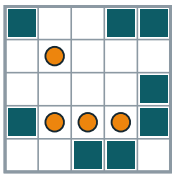
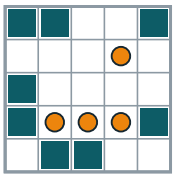
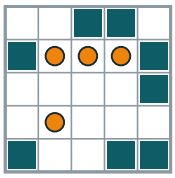
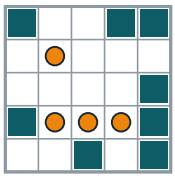
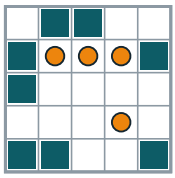
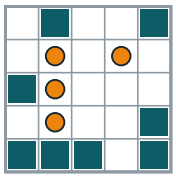
Paires : _____ _____ _____

03

A  B  C  D  E  F 

Paires : _____ _____ _____

04

A  B  C  D  E  F 

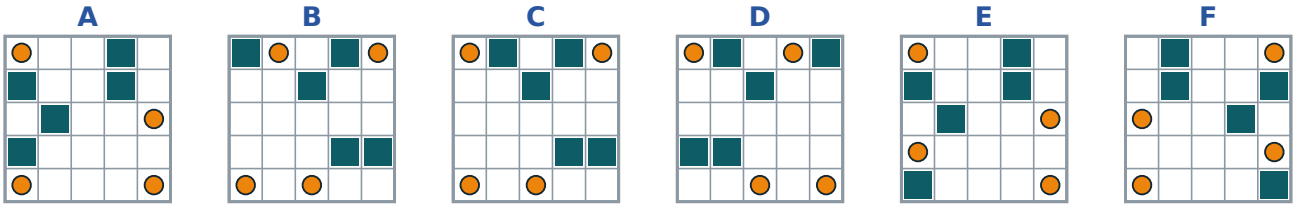
Paires : _____ _____ _____

Tuiles jumelles

4e | 2026-11-02 | Corrigé

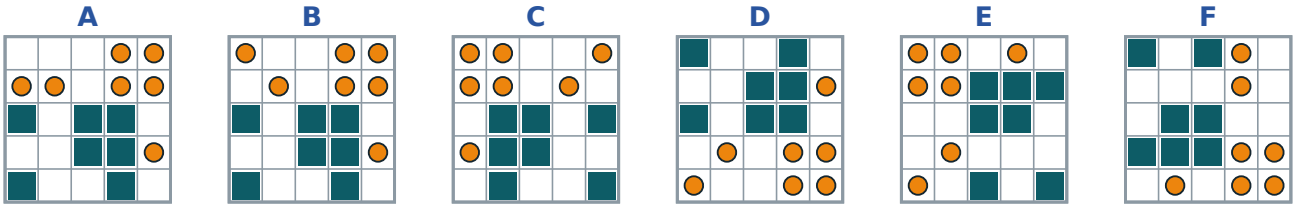
Les lettres orange indiquent les trois paires ; l'ordre n'a pas d'importance. Les tuiles de paires différentes ne se superposent pas par rotation : une paire est l'image miroir d'une autre et, dans la troisième, deux cases ont été échangées.

01



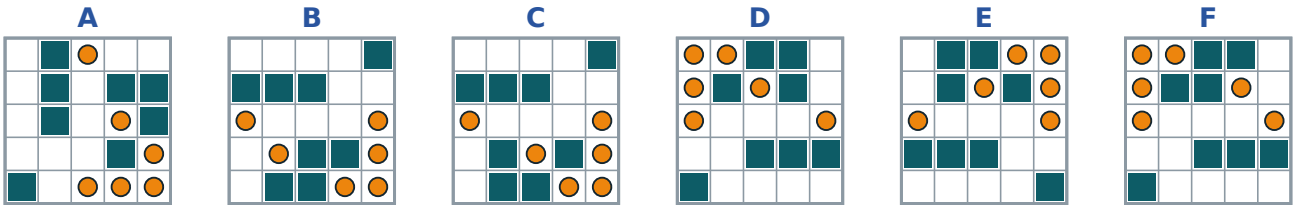
Paires : A–C B–E D–F

02



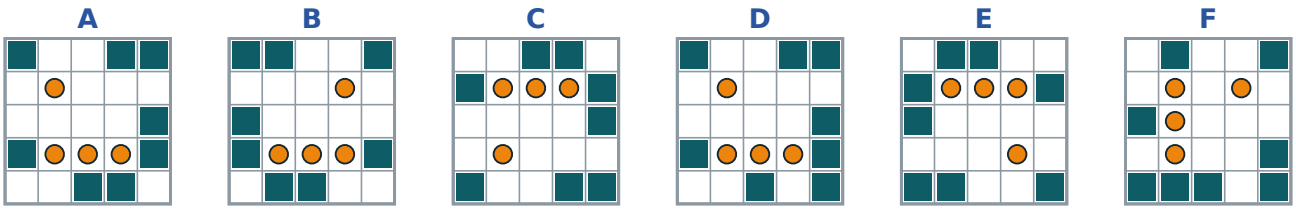
Paires : A–F B–E C–D

03



Paires : A–E B–F C–D

04



Paires : A–E B–C D–F