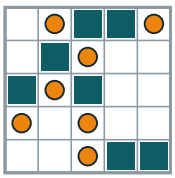
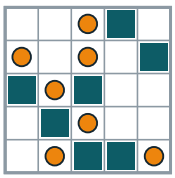
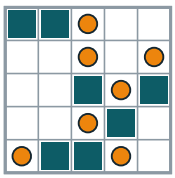
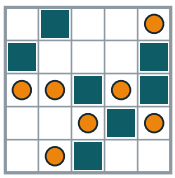
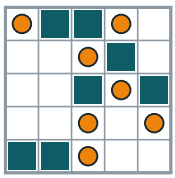
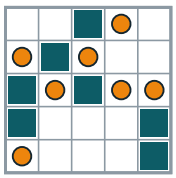
双胞胎瓷砖

八年级 | 2026-11-02 | 练习

每块瓷砖都是由小方格组成的网格。方格可能是空白的、深色的，或带有橙色圆点。逐格比较，找出真正一模一样的瓷砖。每道题只有一个正确答案。

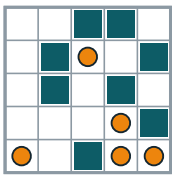
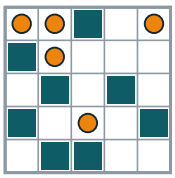
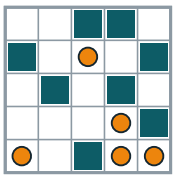
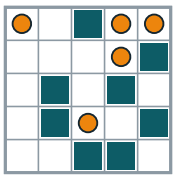
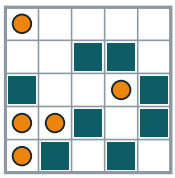
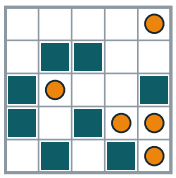
六块瓷砖组成三对。每一对中，一块瓷砖是另一块旋转后的样子，而不是翻转。写出三对，例如 A–D。

01

A  B  C  D  E  F 

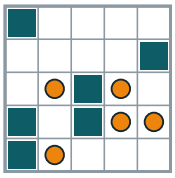
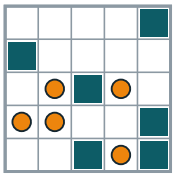
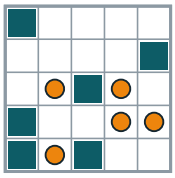
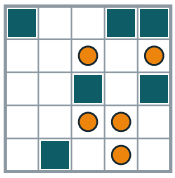
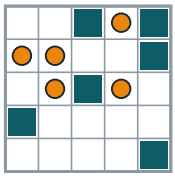
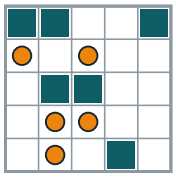
配对： _____ _____ _____

02

A  B  C  D  E  F 

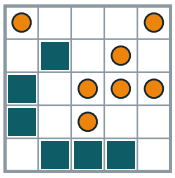
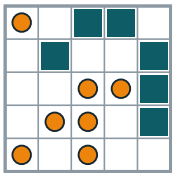
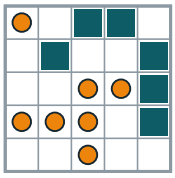
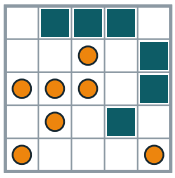
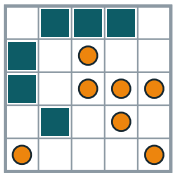
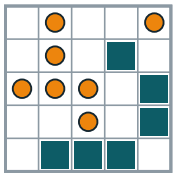
配对： _____ _____ _____

03

A  B  C  D  E  F 

配对： _____ _____ _____

04

A  B  C  D  E  F 

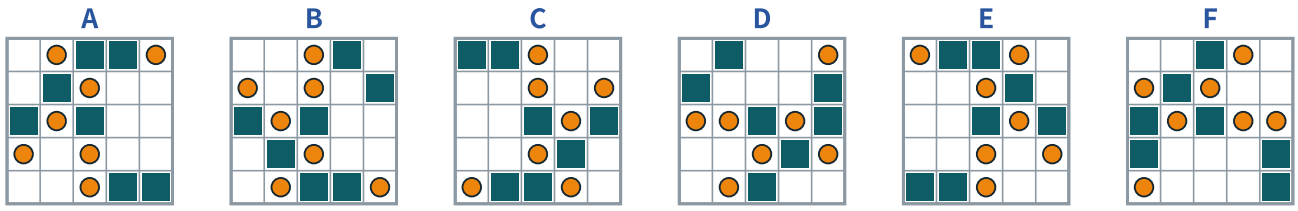
配对： _____ _____ _____

双胞胎瓷砖

八年级 | 2026-11-02 | 答案

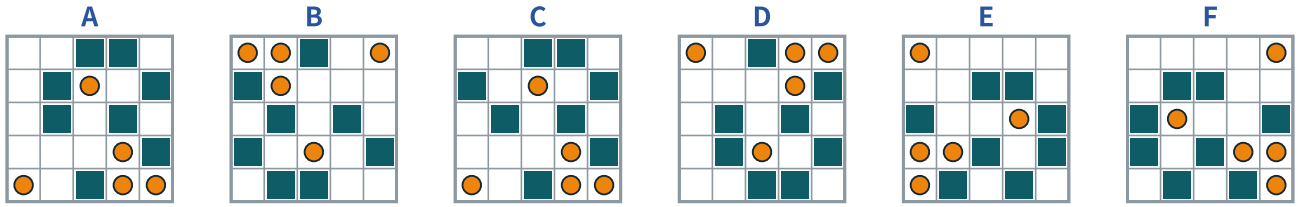
橙色字母标出三对；顺序不限。不同对的瓷砖无法通过旋转重合：一对是另一对的镜像，第三对中有两个方格被互换。

01



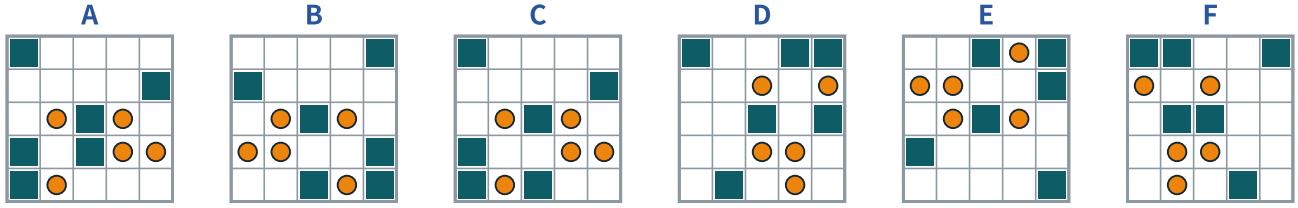
配对：A–C　B–D　E–F

02



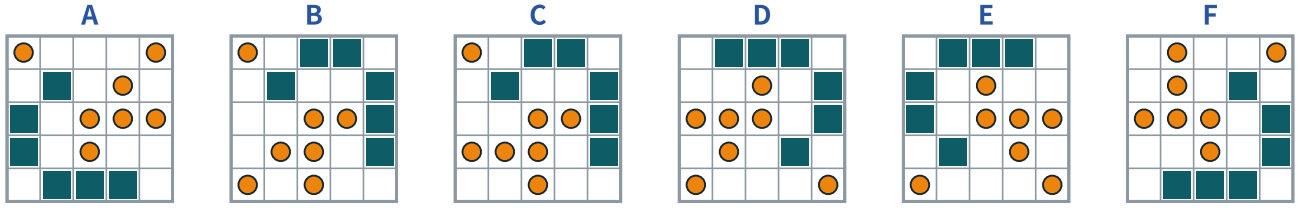
配对：A–E　B–C　D–F

03



配对：A–F　B–D　C–E

04



配对：A–D　B–E　C–F