जुळ्या फरशा

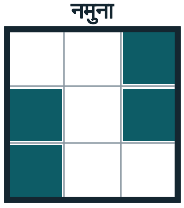
बालवाडी | 2026-11-02 | सराव पत्रिका

मोठ्या व्यक्तीने सूचना वाचून दाखवाव्यात. चौकटीतील नमुना फरशी पाहा. शेजारच्या फरश्यांपैकी एक अगदी तशीच आहे. ताडून पाहताना प्रत्येक चौकोनावर बोट ठेवा.

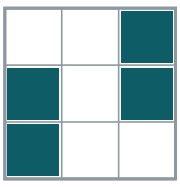
नमुन्याशी हुबेहूब जुळणाऱ्या फरशीच्या अक्षराभोवती वर्तुळ काढा. उरलेल्या प्रत्येक फरशीत एक चौकोन वेगळा आहे.

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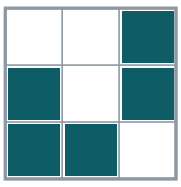
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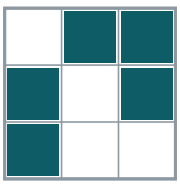
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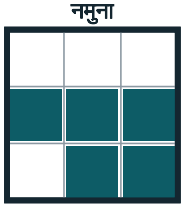


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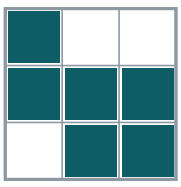
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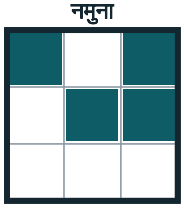


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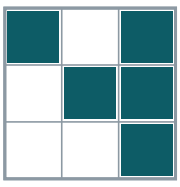


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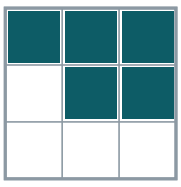
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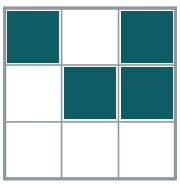
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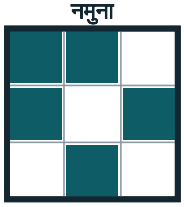


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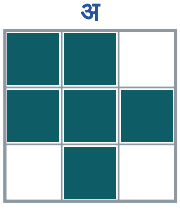


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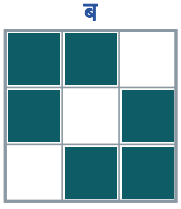
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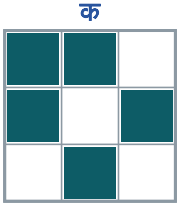
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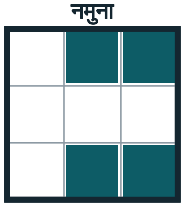


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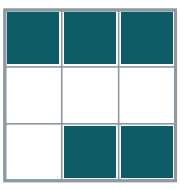


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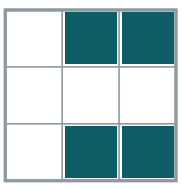
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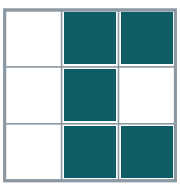
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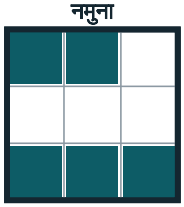


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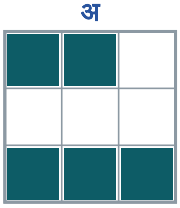


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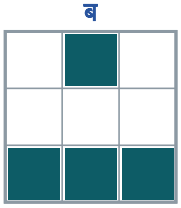
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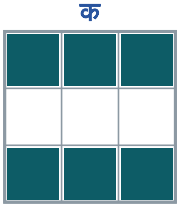
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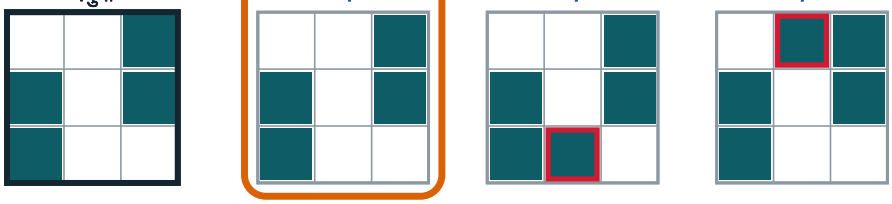


जुळ्या फरशा

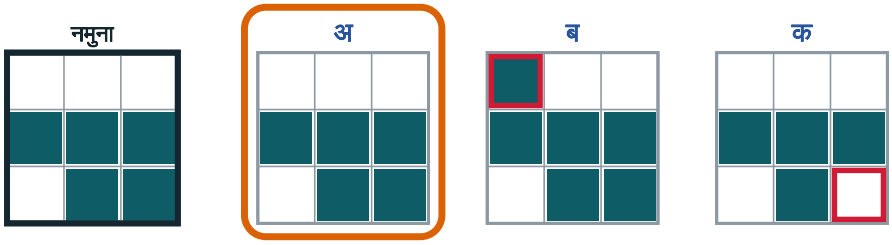
बालवाडी | 2026-11-02 | उत्तरसूची

केशरी वर्तुळे उत्तरे दाखवतात. लाल चौकटी त्या चौकोनांवर आहेत ज्यांमुळे प्रत्येक चुकीची फरशी नमुन्यापेक्षा वेगळी ठरते.

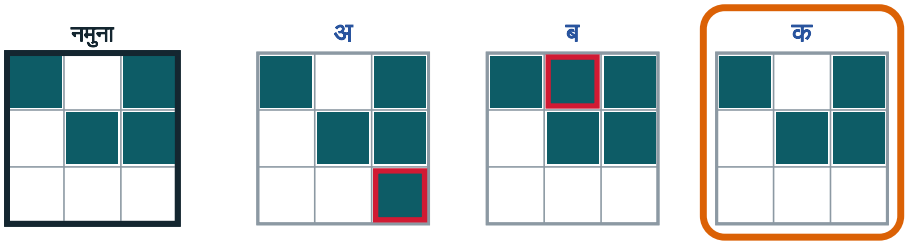
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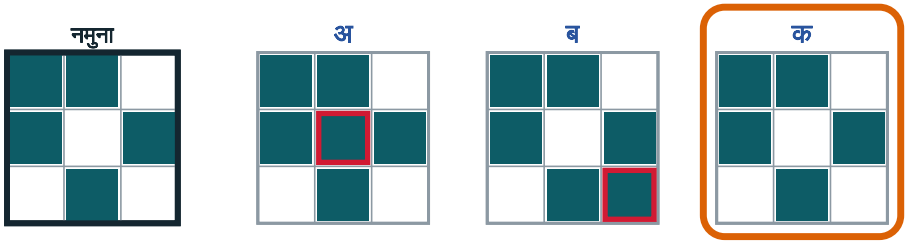
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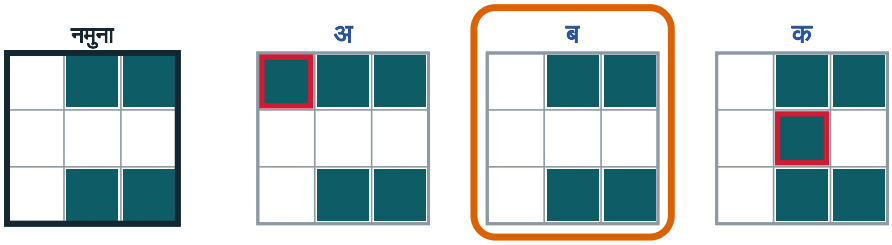
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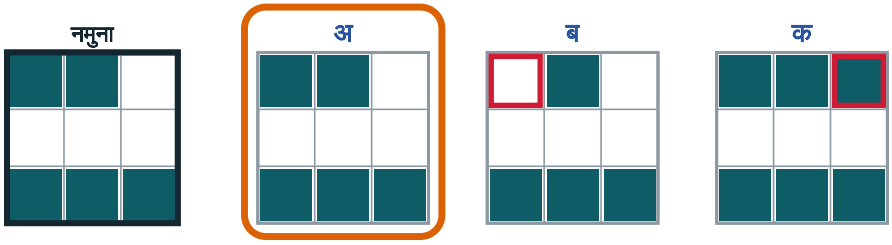
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05



06



जुळ्या फरशा

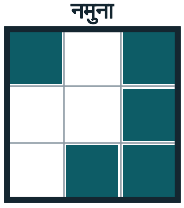
इयत्ता पहिली | 2026-11-02 | सराव पत्रिका

प्रत्येक फरशी म्हणजे लहान चौकोनांची जाळी. एखादा चौकोन रिकामा, गडद किंवा केशरी ठिपक्याचा असू शकतो. एकेक चौकोन ताडून पाहा आणि खरोखर हुबेहूब सारखी असलेली फरशी शोधा. प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचे एकच बरोबर उत्तर आहे.

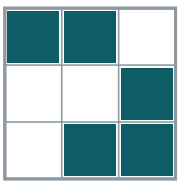
नमुन्याच्या खऱ्या जुळ्या फरशीभोवती वर्तुळ काढा. इतर फरश्यांत एक गडद चौकोन सरकून शेजारच्या घरात गेला आहे.

01

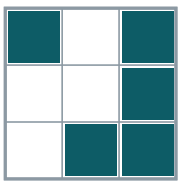
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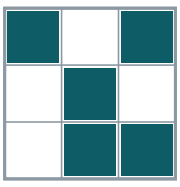
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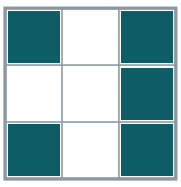
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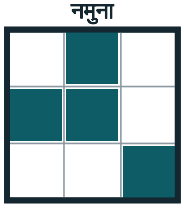


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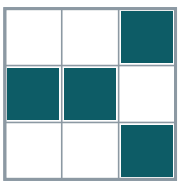


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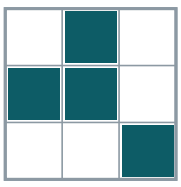
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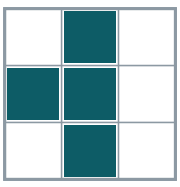
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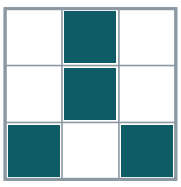
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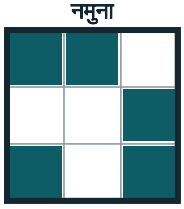


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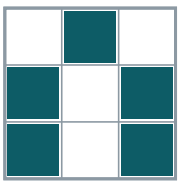


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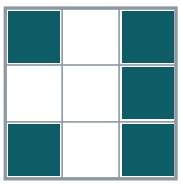
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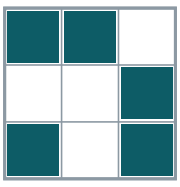
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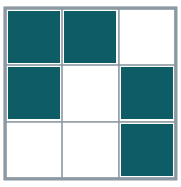
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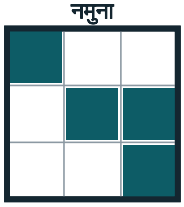


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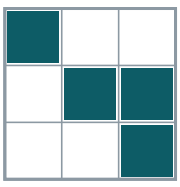


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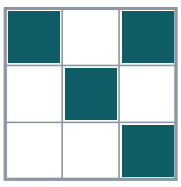
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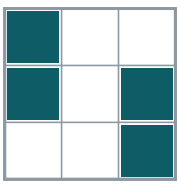
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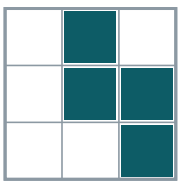
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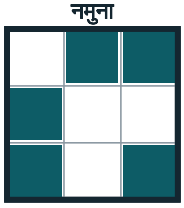


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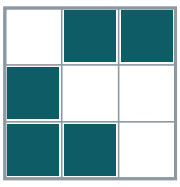


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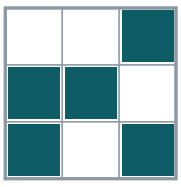
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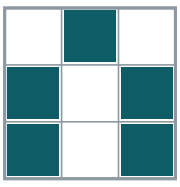
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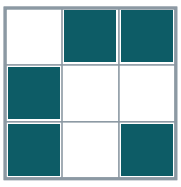
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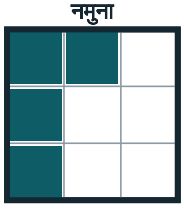


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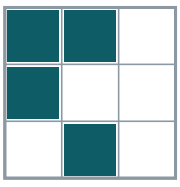


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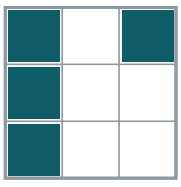
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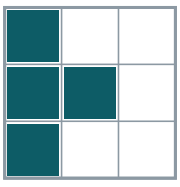
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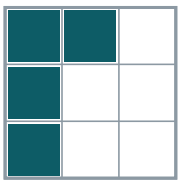
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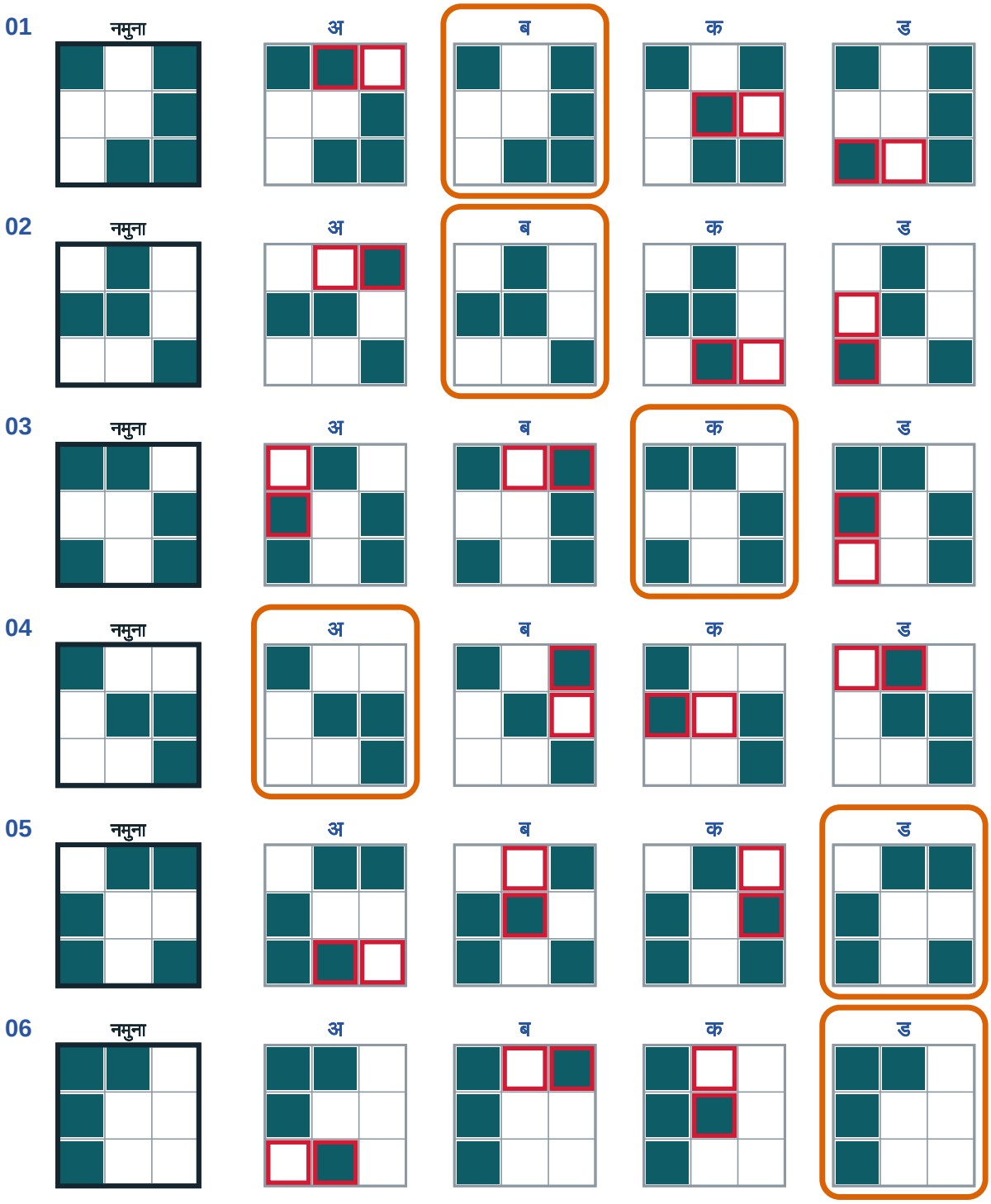
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जुळ्या फरशा

इयत्ता पहिली | 2026-11-02 | उत्तरसूची

केशरी वर्तुळे उत्तरे दाखवतात. लाल चौकटी त्या चौकोनांवर आहेत ज्यांमुळे प्रत्येक चुकीची फरशी नमुन्यापेक्षा वेगळी ठरते.



जुळ्या फरशा

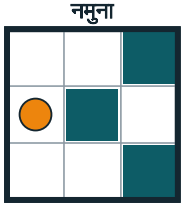
इयत्ता दुसरी | 2026-11-02 | सराव पत्रिका

प्रत्येक फरशी म्हणजे लहान चौकोनांची जाळी. एखादा चौकोन रिकामा, गडद किंवा केशरी ठिपक्याचा असू शकतो. एकेक चौकोन ताडून पाहा आणि खरोखर हुबेहूब सारखी असलेली फरशी शोधा. प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचे एकच बरोबर उत्तर आहे.

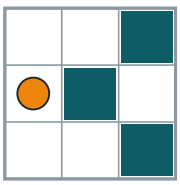
चौकोन रिकामे, गडद किंवा ठिपक्यांचे असू शकतात. ज्या फरशीचा प्रत्येक चौकोन नमुन्याशी जुळतो तिच्याभोवती वर्तुळ काढा.

01

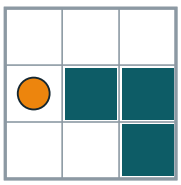
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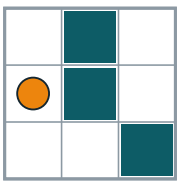
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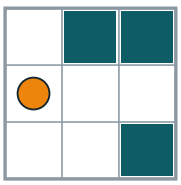
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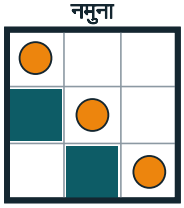


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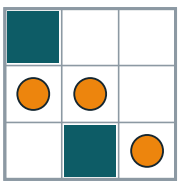


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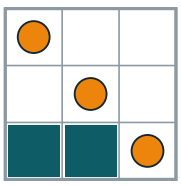
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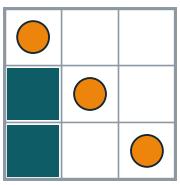
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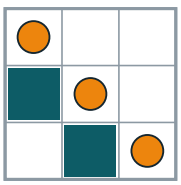
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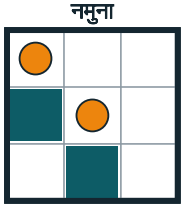


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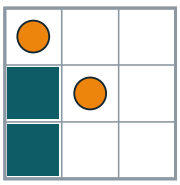


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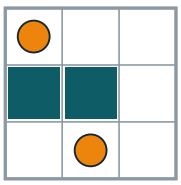
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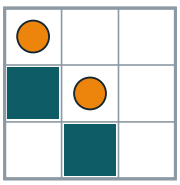
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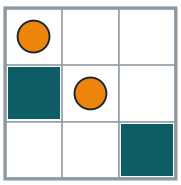
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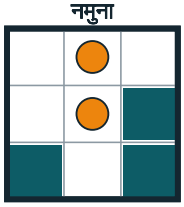


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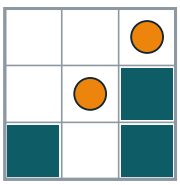


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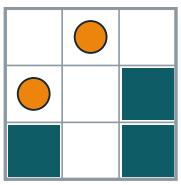
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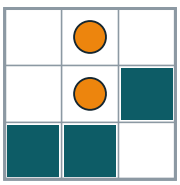
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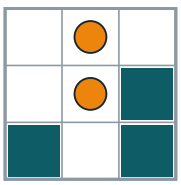
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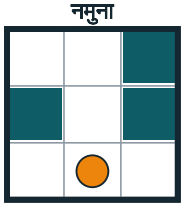


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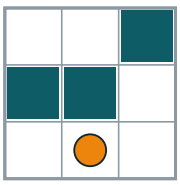


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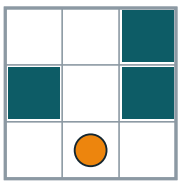
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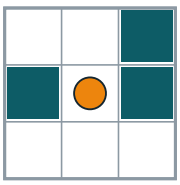
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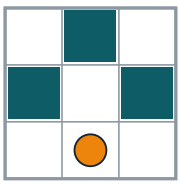
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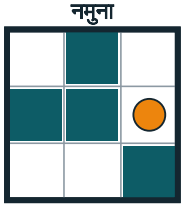


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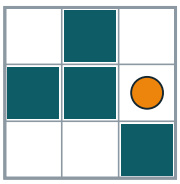


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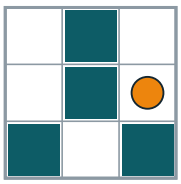
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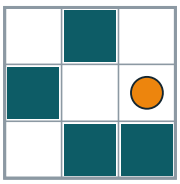
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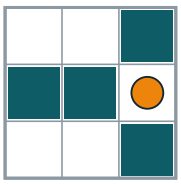
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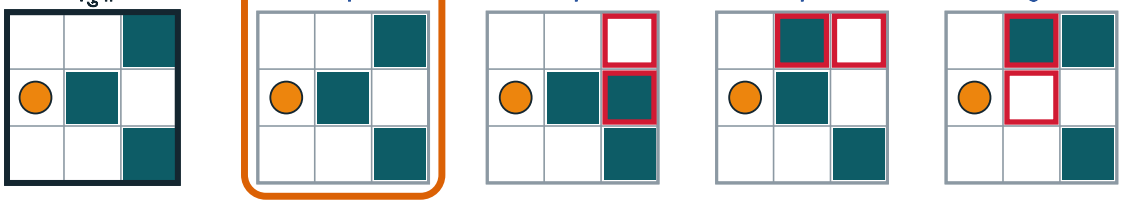


जुळ्या फरशा

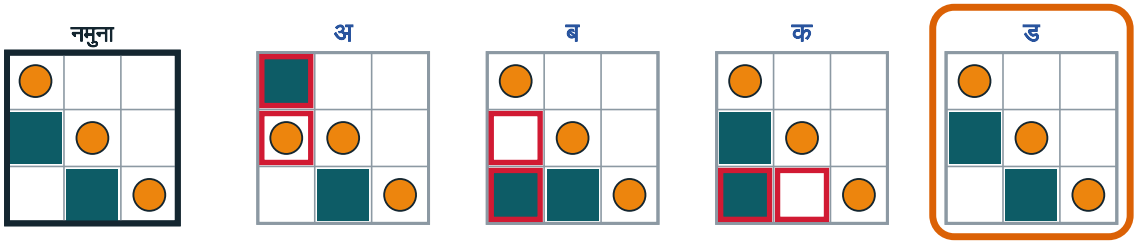
इयत्ता दुसरी | 2026-11-02 | उत्तरसूची

केशरी वर्तुळे उत्तरे दाखवतात. लाल चौकटी त्या चौकोनांवर आहेत ज्यांमुळे प्रत्येक चुकीची फरशी नमुन्यापेक्षा वेगळी ठरते.

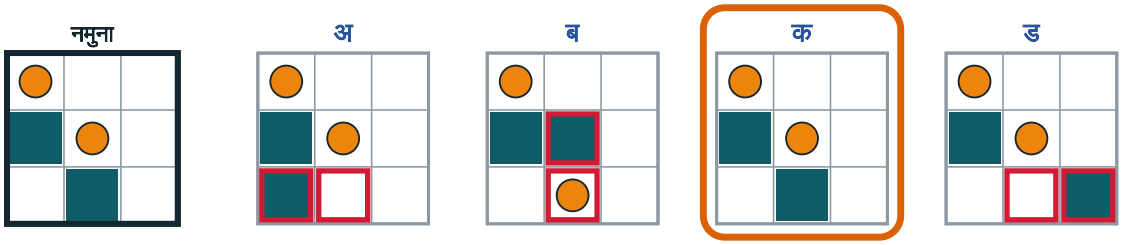
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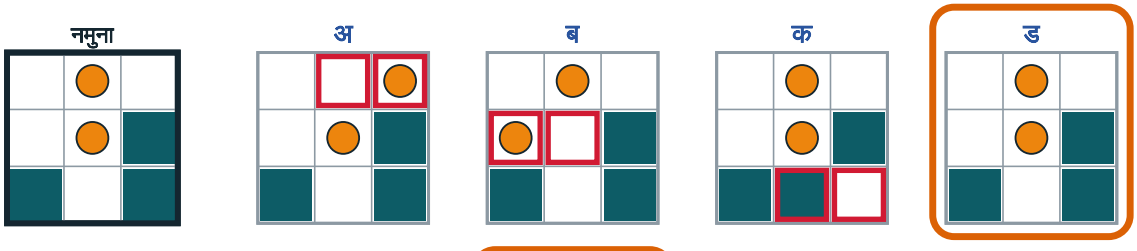
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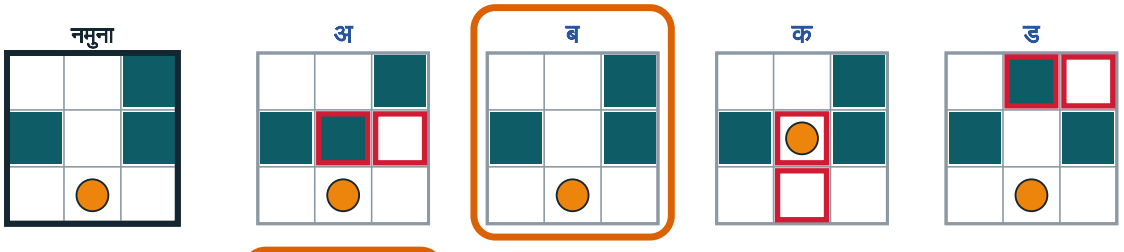
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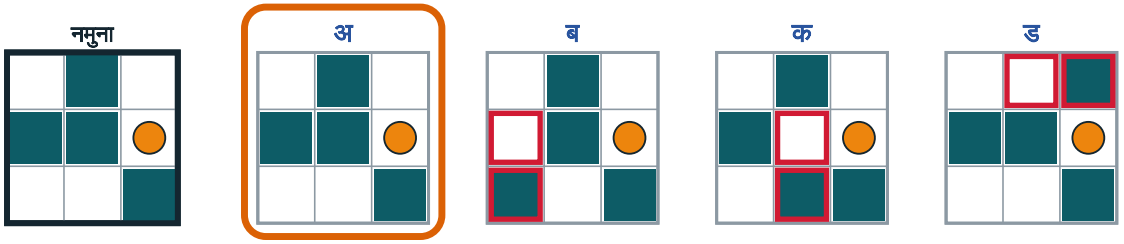
04



05



06



जुळ्या फरशा

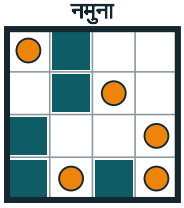
इयत्ता तिसरी | 2026-11-02 | सराव पत्रिका

प्रत्येक फरशी म्हणजे लहान चौकोनांची जाळी. एखादा चौकोन रिकामा, गडद किंवा केशरी ठिपक्याचा असू शकतो. एकेक चौकोन ताडून पाहा आणि खरोखर हुबेहूब सारखी असलेली फरशी शोधा. प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचे एकच बरोबर उत्तर आहे.

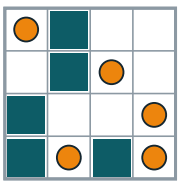
नमुना ओळीओळीने तपासा. फक्त एकच फरशी चौकोन-चौकोन जुळते; इतरांत शेजारच्या दोन चौकोनांनी जागा बदलली आहे.

01

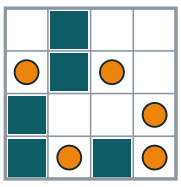
नमुना



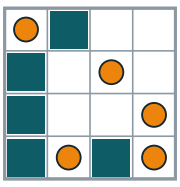
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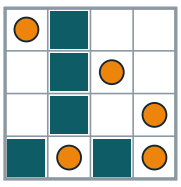
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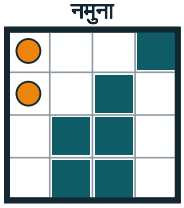


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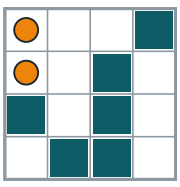


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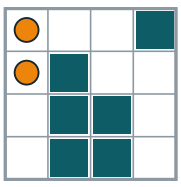
नमुना



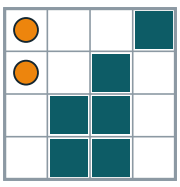
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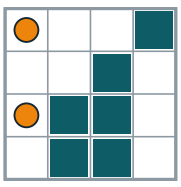
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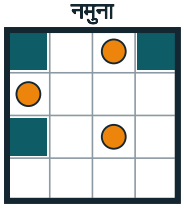


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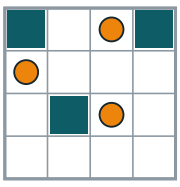


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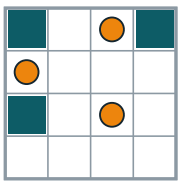
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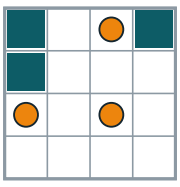
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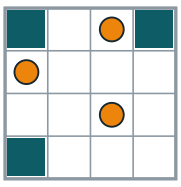
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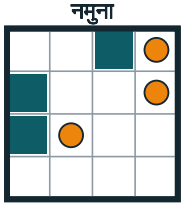


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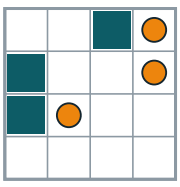


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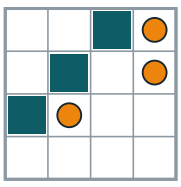
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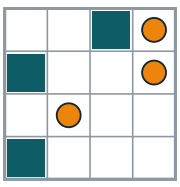
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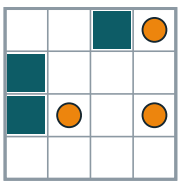
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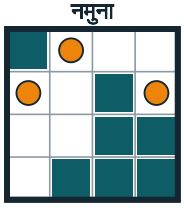


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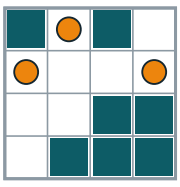


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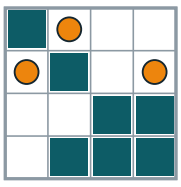
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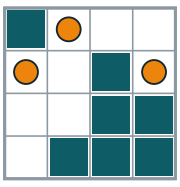
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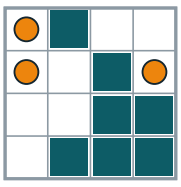
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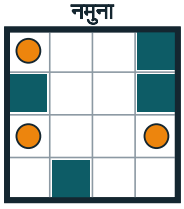


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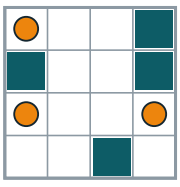


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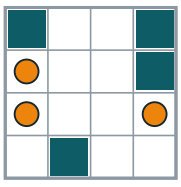
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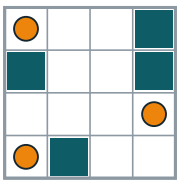
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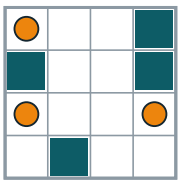
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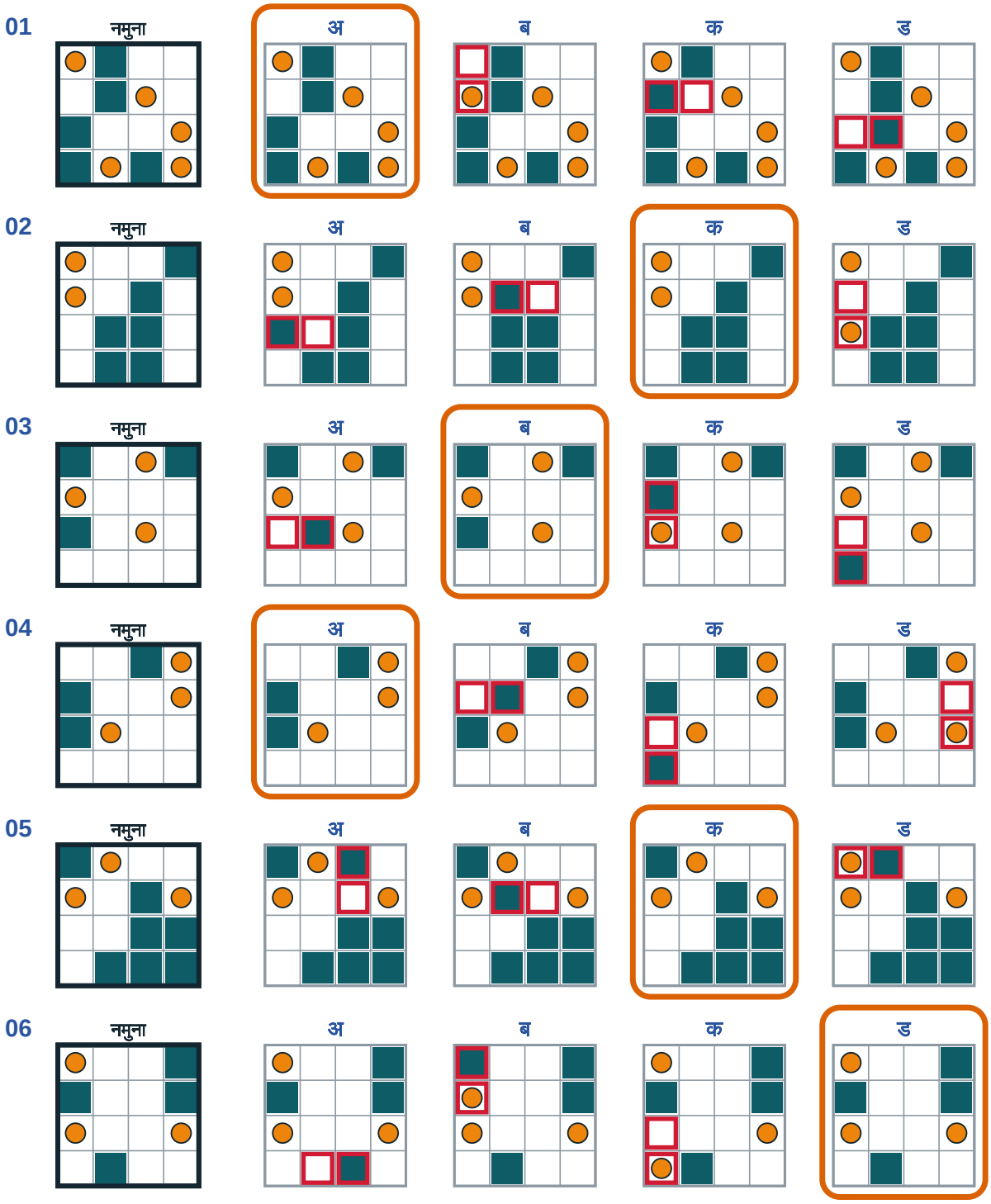
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जुळ्या फरशा

इयत्ता तिसरी | 2026-11-02 | उत्तरसूची

केशरी वर्तुळे उत्तरे दाखवतात. लाल चौकटी त्या चौकोनांवर आहेत ज्यांमुळे प्रत्येक चुकीची फरशी नमुन्यापेक्षा वेगळी ठरते.



जुळ्या फरशा

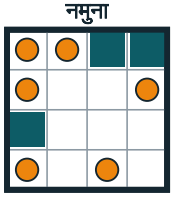
इयत्ता चौथी | 2026-11-02 | सराव पत्रिका

प्रत्येक फरशी म्हणजे लहान चौकोनांची जाळी. एखादा चौकोन रिकामा, गडद किंवा केशरी ठिपक्याचा असू शकतो. एकेक चौकोन ताडून पाहा आणि खरोखर हुबेहूब सारखी असलेली फरशी शोधा. प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचे एकच बरोबर उत्तर आहे.

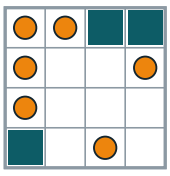
आता पाच पर्याय आहेत. कागदाच्या पट्टीने एक ओळ सोडून बाकी झाका, ताडून पाहा आणि पट्टी खाली सरकवा. खऱ्या जुळ्या फरशीभोवती वर्तुळ काढा.

01

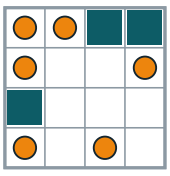
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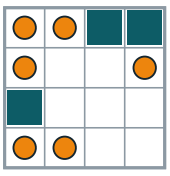
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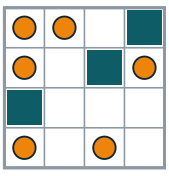
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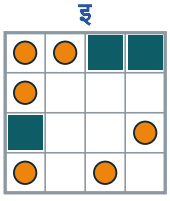
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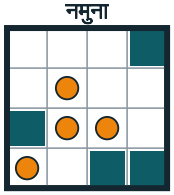


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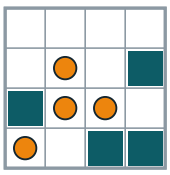


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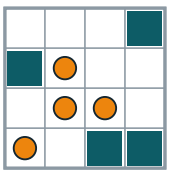
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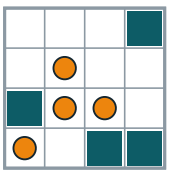
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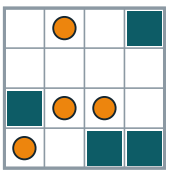
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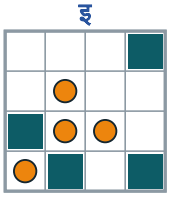
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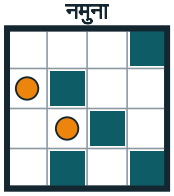


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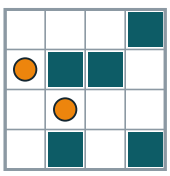


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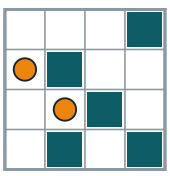
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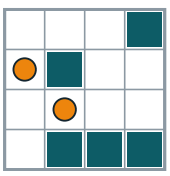
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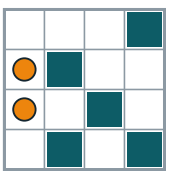
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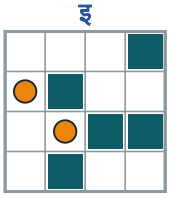
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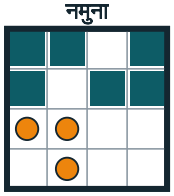


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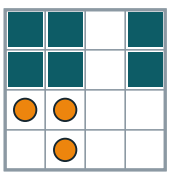


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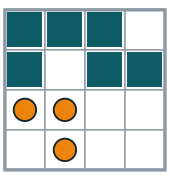
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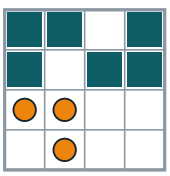
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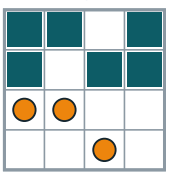
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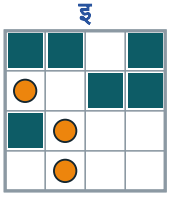
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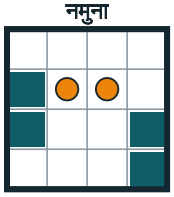


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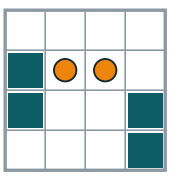


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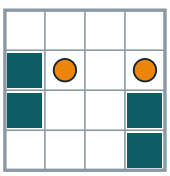
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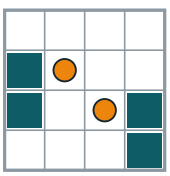
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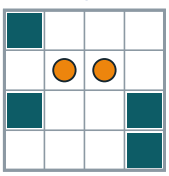
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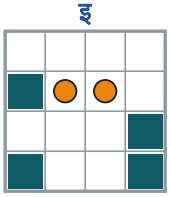
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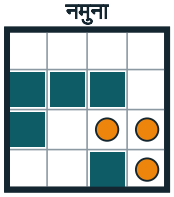


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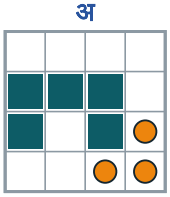


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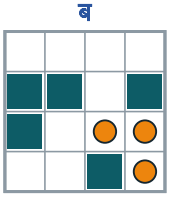
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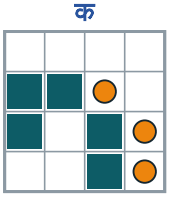
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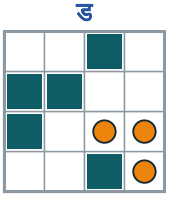
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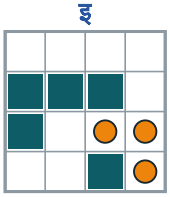
क



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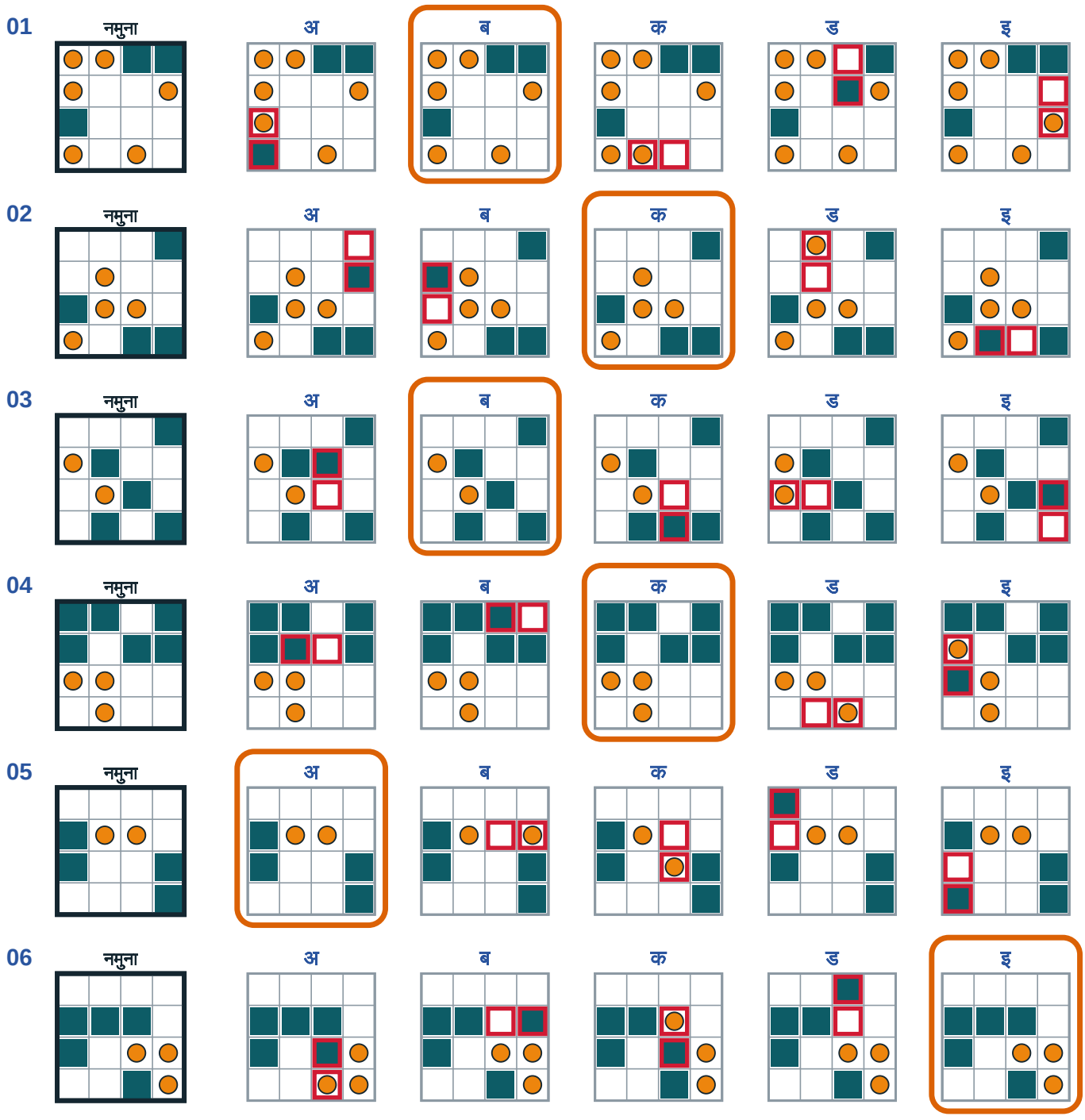
इ



जुळ्या फरशा

इयत्ता चौथी | 2026-11-02 | उत्तरसूची

केशरी वर्तुळे उत्तरे दाखवतात. लाल चौकटी त्या चौकोनांवर आहेत ज्यांमुळे प्रत्येक चुकीची फरशी नमुन्यापेक्षा वेगळी ठरते.



जुळ्या फरशा

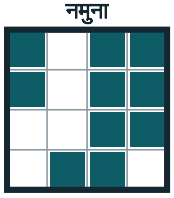
इयत्ता पाचवी | 2026-11-02 | सराव पत्रिका

प्रत्येक फरशी म्हणजे लहान चौकोनांची जाळी. एखादा चौकोन रिकामा, गडद किंवा केशरी ठिपक्याचा असू शकतो. एकेक चौकोन ताडून पाहा आणि खरोखर हुबेहूब सारखी असलेली फरशी शोधा. प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचे एकच बरोबर उत्तर आहे.

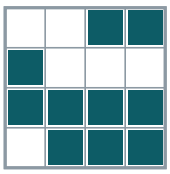
जुळी फरशी घड्याळाच्या काट्यांच्या दिशेने फिरवली आहे, पण कधीही उलटवलेली नाही. तिच्याभोवती वर्तुळ काढा आणि फिरवणे लिहा: 90°, 180° किंवा 270°.

01

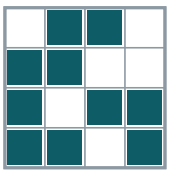
नमुना



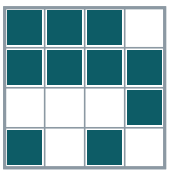
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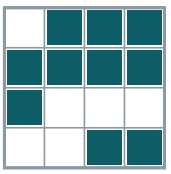
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क



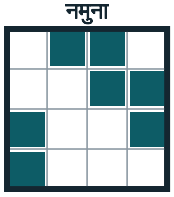
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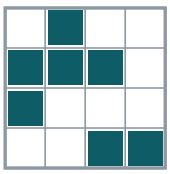
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02

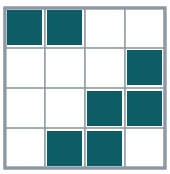
नमुना



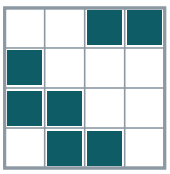
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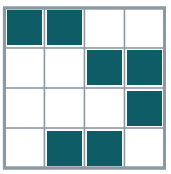
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क



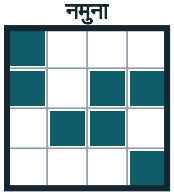
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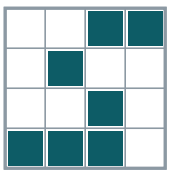
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03

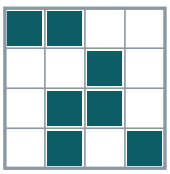
नमुना



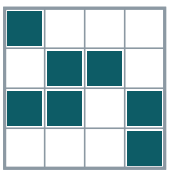
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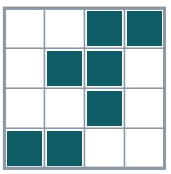
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क



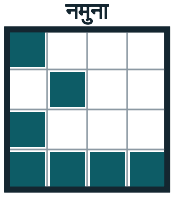
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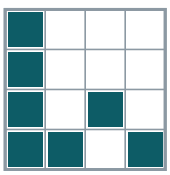
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04

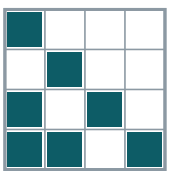
नमुना



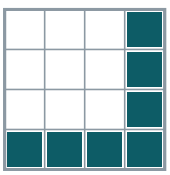
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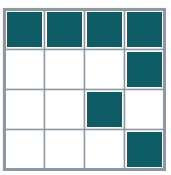
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क



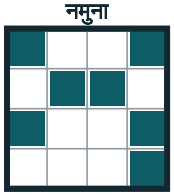
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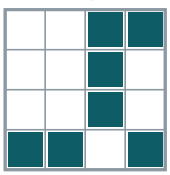
फिरवणे: _____

05

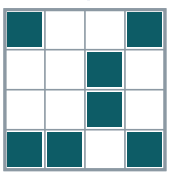
नमुना



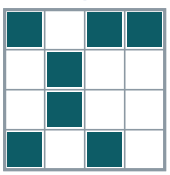
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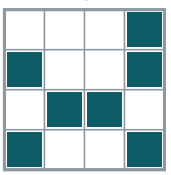
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क



ड



फिरवणे: _____

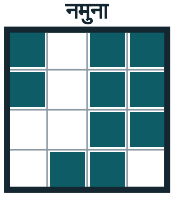
जुळ्या फरशा

इयत्ता पाचवी | 2026-11-02 | उत्तरसूची

केशरी वर्तुळे जुळ्या फरश्या दाखवतात; घड्याळाच्या दिशेने फिरवणे नमुन्याखाली लिहिले आहे. लाल टिपा सांगतात इतर फरश्या का बाद झाल्या: उलटी = आरशातील प्रतिमा, अदलाबदल = दोन चौकोनांनी जागा बदलली.

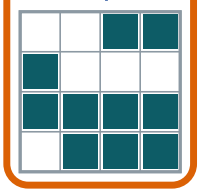
01

नमुना

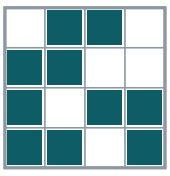


फिरवणे: 90°

अ

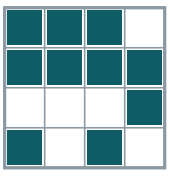


ब



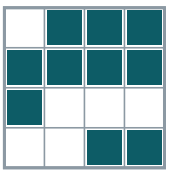
अदलाबदल

क



अदलाबदल

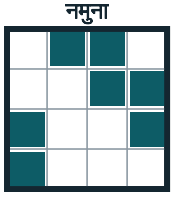
ड



उलटी

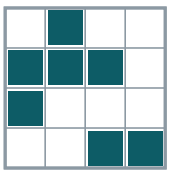
02

नमुना



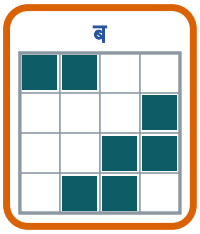
फिरवणे: 90°

अ

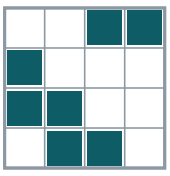


अदलाबदल

ब

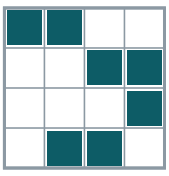


क



उलटी

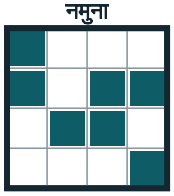
ड



अदलाबदल

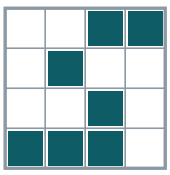
03

नमुना



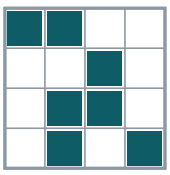
फिरवणे: 180°

अ



अदलाबदल

ब

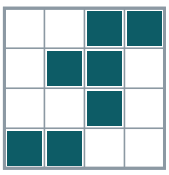


उलटी

क



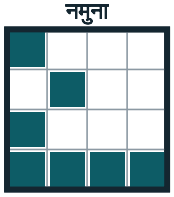
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अदलाबदल

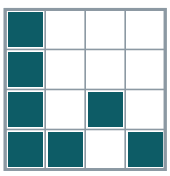
04

नमुना



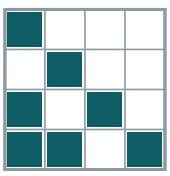
फिरवणे: 180°

अ



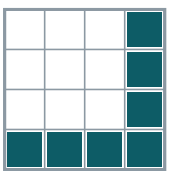
उलटी

ब



अदलाबदल

क



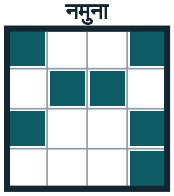
अदलाबदल

ड



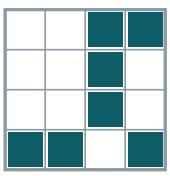
05

नमुना



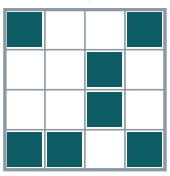
फिरवणे: 270°

अ



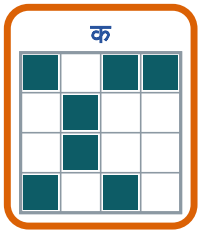
अदलाबदल

ब

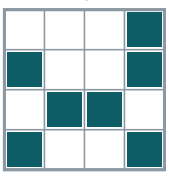


अदलाबदल

क



ड



उलटी

जुळ्या फरशा

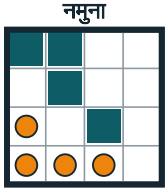
इयत्ता सहावी | 2026-11-02 | सराव पत्रिका

प्रत्येक फरशी म्हणजे लहान चौकोनांची जाळी. एखादा चौकोन रिकामा, गडद किंवा केशरी ठिपक्याचा असू शकतो. एकेक चौकोन ताडून पाहा आणि खरोखर हुबेहूब सारखी असलेली फरशी शोधा. प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचे एकच बरोबर उत्तर आहे.

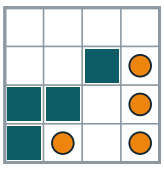
तेच काम, आता ठिपक्यांसह. लक्ष द्या: काही फरश्या आरशातील प्रतिमा आहेत, म्हणजे उलटवलेल्या आहेत, त्या मोजायच्या नाहीत. जुळ्या फरशीभोवती वर्तुळ काढा आणि घड्याळाच्या दिशेने फिरवणे लिहा.

01

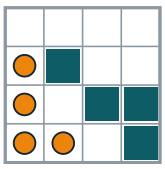
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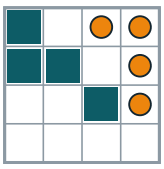
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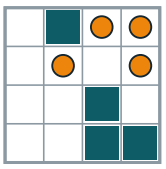
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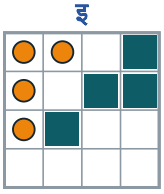
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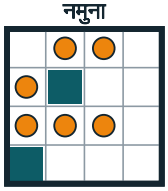
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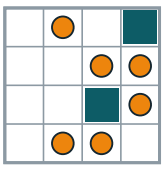
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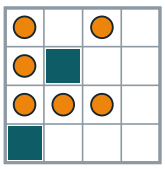
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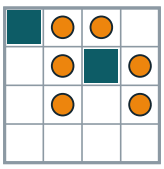
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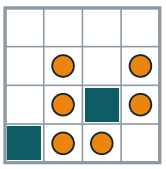
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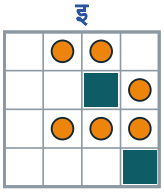
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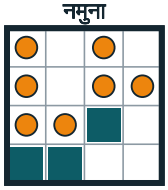
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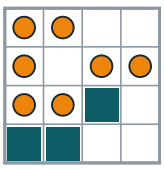
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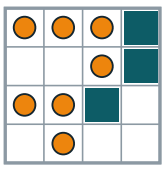
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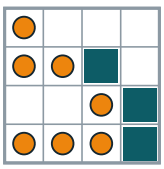
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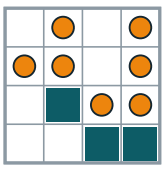
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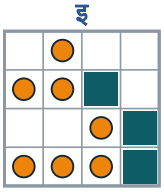
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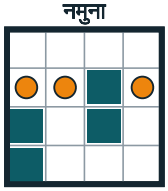
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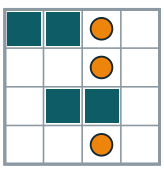
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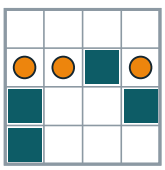
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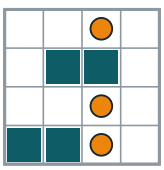
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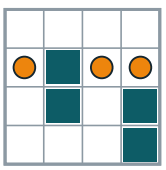
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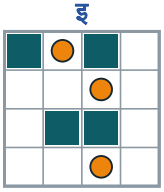
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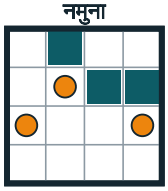
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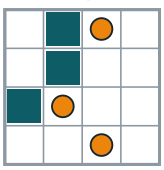
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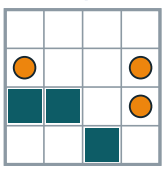
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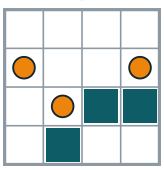
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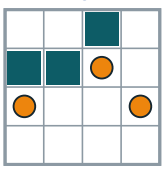
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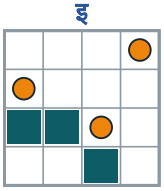
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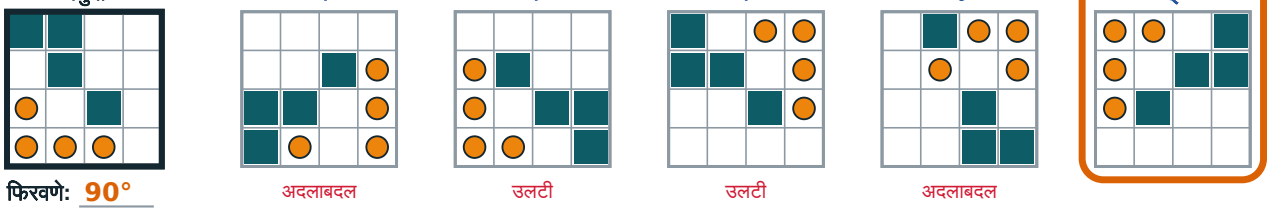
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जुळ्या फरशा

इयत्ता सहावी | 2026-11-02 | उत्तरसूची

केशरी वर्तुळे जुळ्या फरश्या दाखवतात; घड्याळाच्या दिशेने फिरवणे नमुन्याखाली लिहिले आहे. लाल टिपा सांगतात इतर फरश्या का बाद झाल्या: उलटी = आरशातील प्रतिमा, अदलाबदल = दोन चौकोनांनी जागा बदलली.

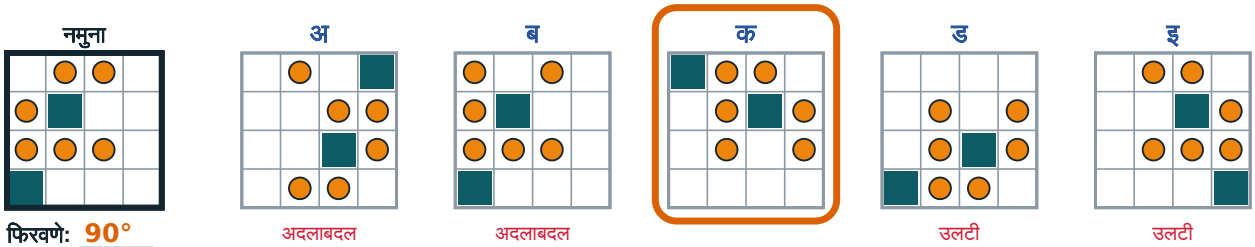
01



फिरवणे: **90°**

अदलाबदल | उलटी | उलटी | अदलाबदल

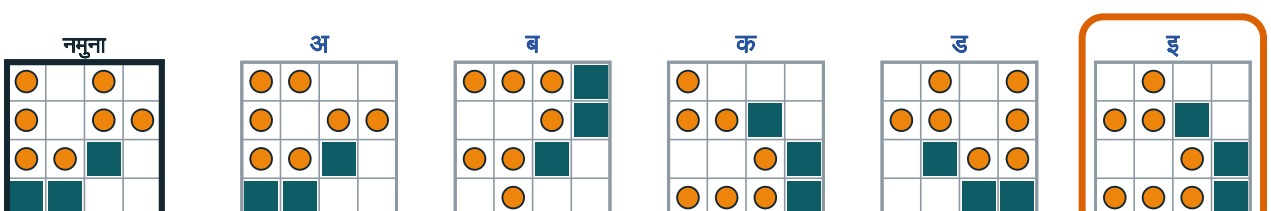
02



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अदलाबदल | अदलाबदल | उलटी | उलटी

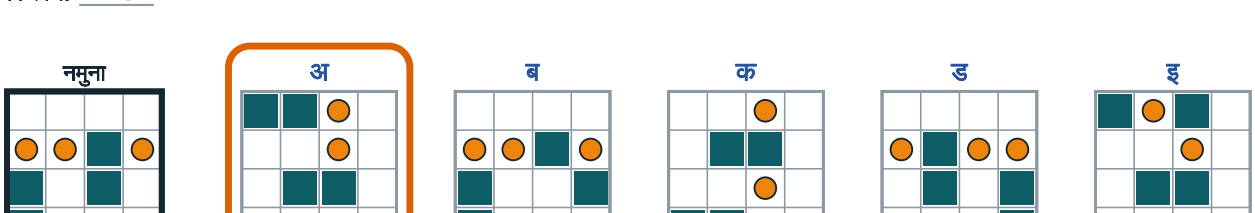
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फिरवणे: **270°**

अदलाबदल | उलटी | अदलाबदल | उलटी

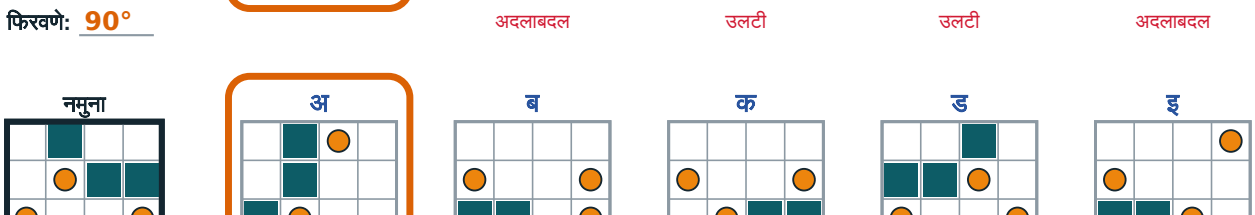
04



फिरवणे: **90°**

अदलाबदल | उलटी | उलटी | अदलाबदल

05



फिरवणे: **270°**

अदलाबदल | उलटी | उलटी | अदलाबदल

जुळ्या फरशा

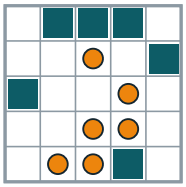
इयत्ता सातवी | 2026-11-02 | सराव पत्रिका

प्रत्येक फरशी म्हणजे लहान चौकोनांची जाळी. एखादा चौकोन रिकामा, गडद किंवा केशरी ठिपक्याचा असू शकतो. एकेक चौकोन ताडून पाहा आणि खरोखर हुबेहूब सारखी असलेली फरशी शोधा. प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचे एकच बरोबर उत्तर आहे.

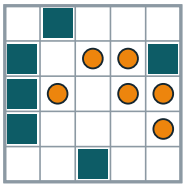
चार फरश्या म्हणजे एकच फरशी वेगवेगळ्या दिशांनी फिरवलेली. एक वेगळी आहे: ती उलटवली आहे किंवा तिचे दोन चौकोन अदलाबदल केले आहेत. तिच्याभोवती वर्तुळ काढा.

01

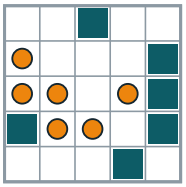
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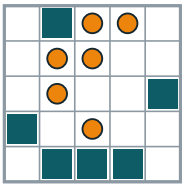
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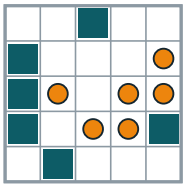
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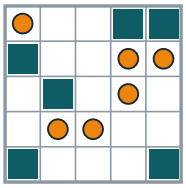


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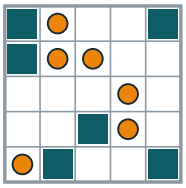


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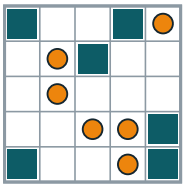
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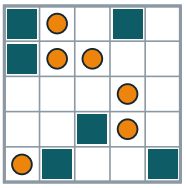
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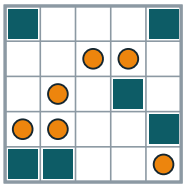
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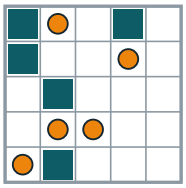


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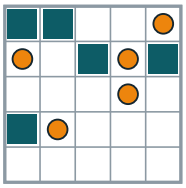


03

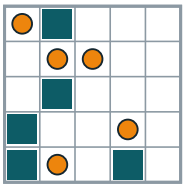
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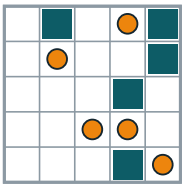
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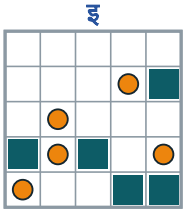
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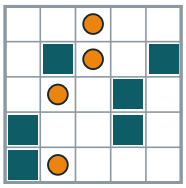


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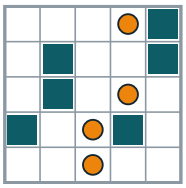


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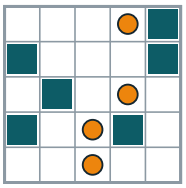
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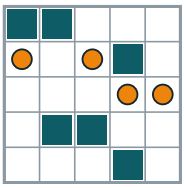
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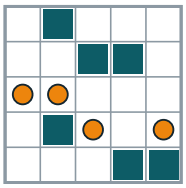
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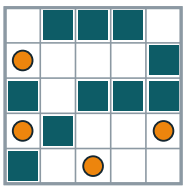


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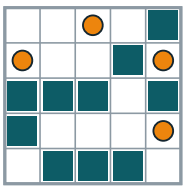


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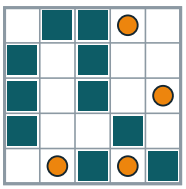
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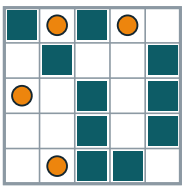
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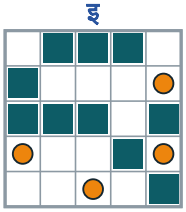
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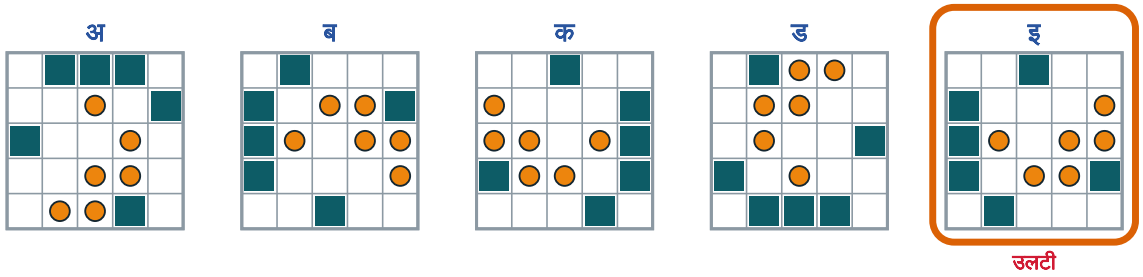


जुळ्या फरशा

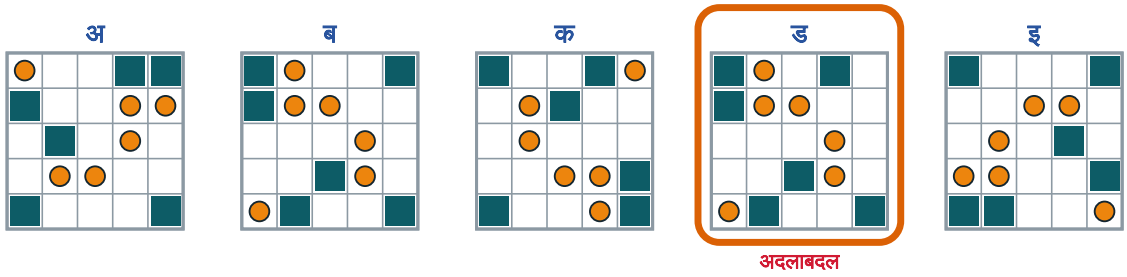
इयत्ता सातवी | 2026-11-02 | उत्तरसूची

केशरी वर्तुळ वेगळी फरशी दाखवते. लाल टीप कारण सांगते: उलटी = इतरांची आरशातील प्रतिमा, अदलाबदल = दोन चौकोनांनी जागा बदलली.

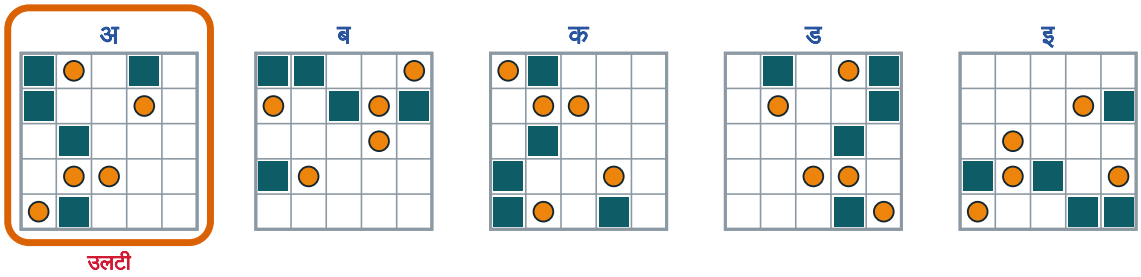
01



02



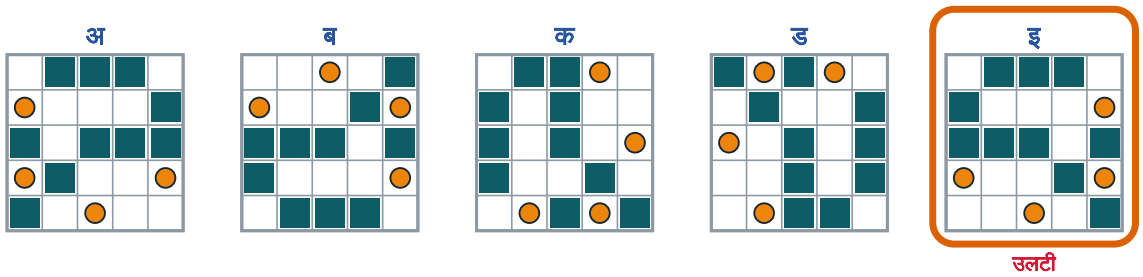
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04



05



जुळ्या फरशा

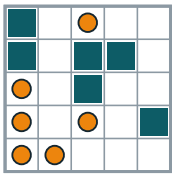
इयत्ता आठवी | 2026-11-02 | सराव पत्रिका

प्रत्येक फरशी म्हणजे लहान चौकोनांची जाळी. एखादा चौकोन रिकामा, गडद किंवा केशरी ठिपक्याचा असू शकतो. एकेक चौकोन ताडून पाहा आणि खरोखर हुबेहूब सारखी असलेली फरशी शोधा. प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचे एकच बरोबर उत्तर आहे.

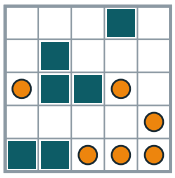
सहा फरश्यांच्या तीन जोड्या होतात. प्रत्येक जोडीत एक फरशी दुसरी फिरवून मिळते, उलटवून नाही. तिन्ही जोड्या लिहा, उदा. अ–ड.

01

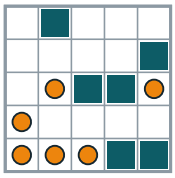
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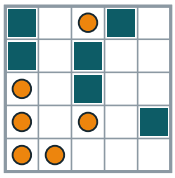
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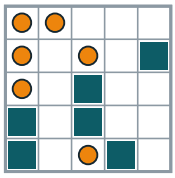
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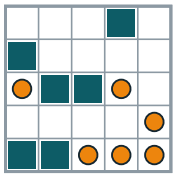
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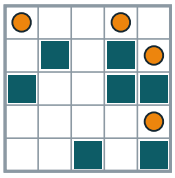
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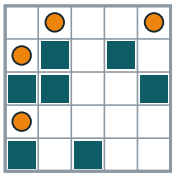
जोड्या: _____ _____ _____

02

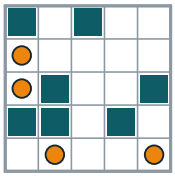
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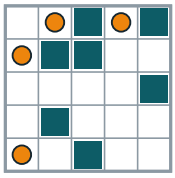
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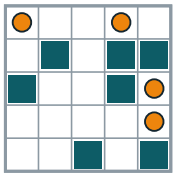
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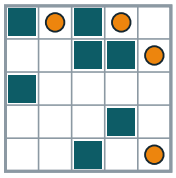
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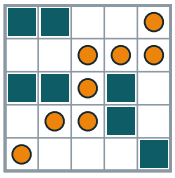
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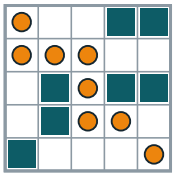
जोड्या: _____ _____ _____

03

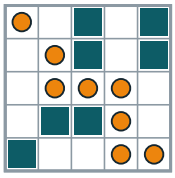
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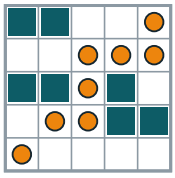
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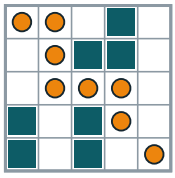
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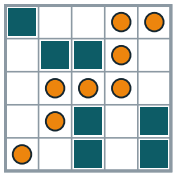
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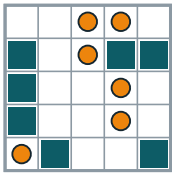
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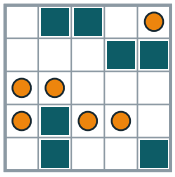
जोड्या: _____ _____ _____

04

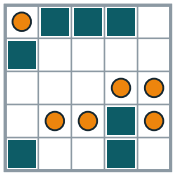
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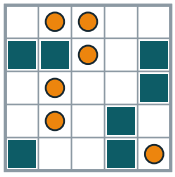
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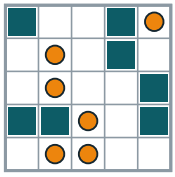
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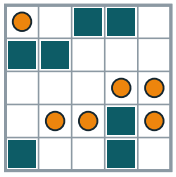
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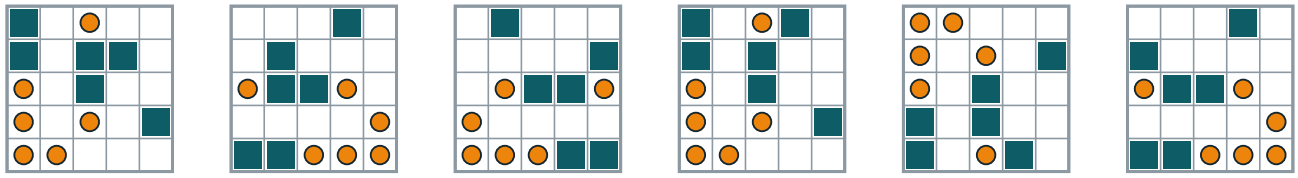
जोड्या: _____ _____ _____

जुळ्या फरशा

इयत्ता आठवी | 2026-11-02 | उत्तरसूची

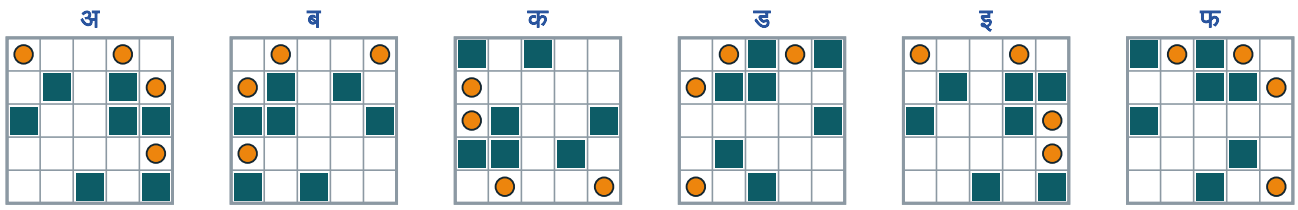
केशरी अक्षरे तिन्ही जोड्या दाखवतात; क्रम महत्त्वाचा नाही. वेगवेगळ्या जोड्यांतील फरश्या फिरवून जुळत नाहीत: एक जोडी दुसरीची आरशातील प्रतिमा आहे आणि तिसरीत दोन चौकोन अदलाबदल केले आहेत.

01



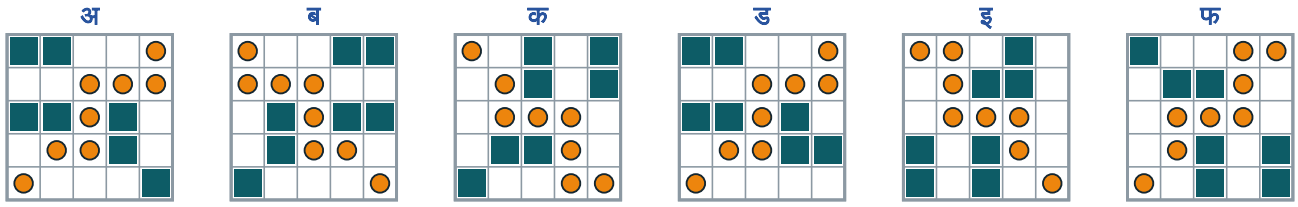
जोड्या: अ–ब, क–इ, ड–फ

02



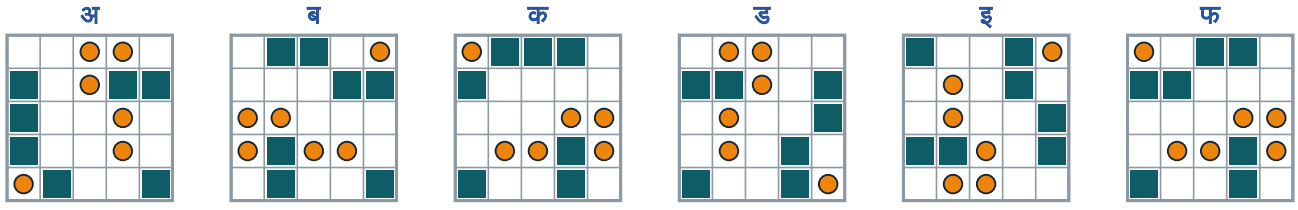
जोड्या: अ–ड, ब–फ, क–इ

03



जोड्या: अ–क, ब–फ, ड–इ

04



जोड्या: अ–क, ब–ड, इ–फ