Mosaicos gemelos

5.º grado | 2026-11-02 | Ficha

Cada mosaico es una pequeña cuadrícula. Un cuadro puede estar vacío, oscuro o tener un punto naranja. Compara cuadro por cuadro y encuentra el mosaico que es igual de verdad. Cada ejercicio tiene una sola respuesta correcta.

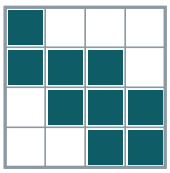
El gemelo se giró en el sentido de las agujas del reloj, pero nunca se volteó. Rodéalo y escribe el giro: 90°, 180° o 270°.

01

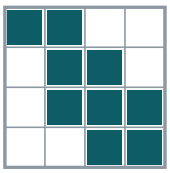
Modelo



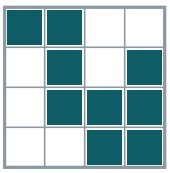
A



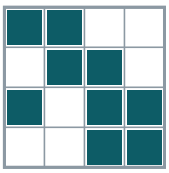
B



C



D



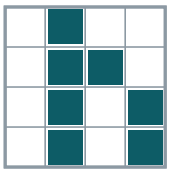
Giro: _____

02

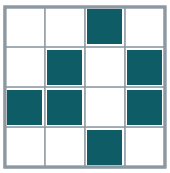
Modelo



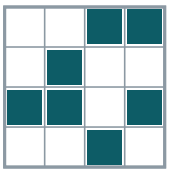
A



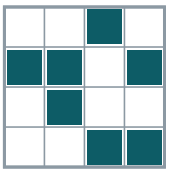
B



C



D



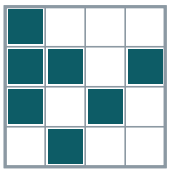
Giro: _____

03

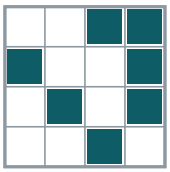
Modelo



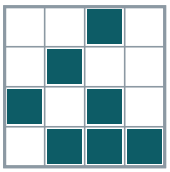
A



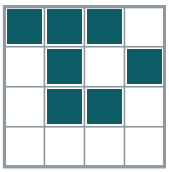
B



C



D



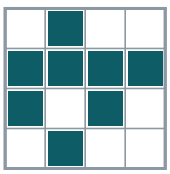
Giro: _____

04

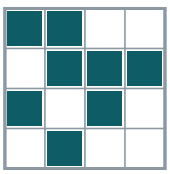
Modelo



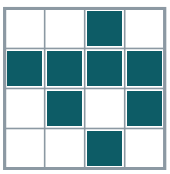
A



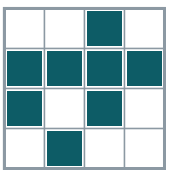
B



C



D



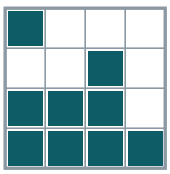
Giro: _____

05

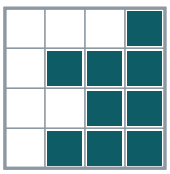
Modelo



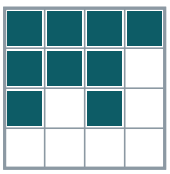
A



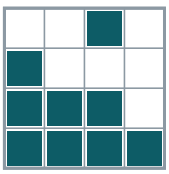
B



C



D



Giro: _____

Mosaicos gemelos

5.º grado | 2026-11-02 | Solucionario

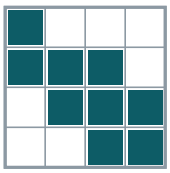
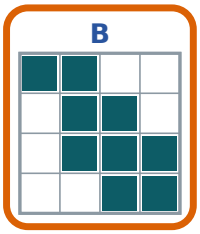
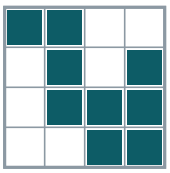
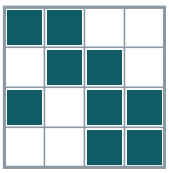
Los anillos naranjas marcan los gemelos; el giro en el sentido de las agujas del reloj está escrito bajo el modelo. Las notas rojas explican por qué se descartan los demás: volteado = imagen de espejo, cambiado = dos cuadros intercambiados.

01

Modelo



Giro: **180°**

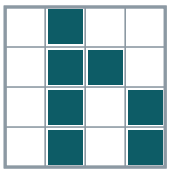
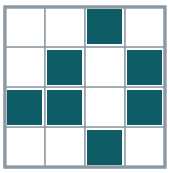
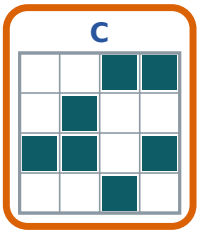
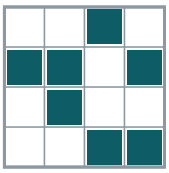
A	B	C	D
			
volteado		cambiado	cambiado

02

Modelo



Giro: **90°**

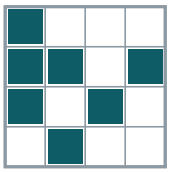
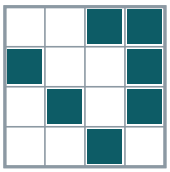
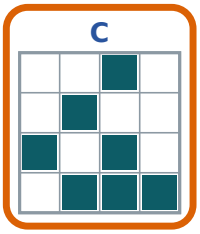
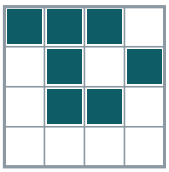
A	B	C	D
			
cambiado	cambiado		volteado

03

Modelo



Giro: **90°**

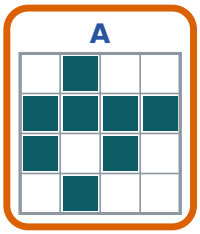
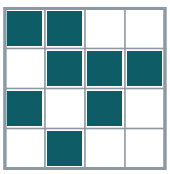
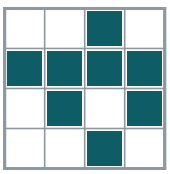
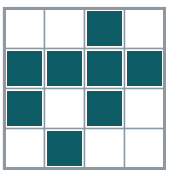
A	B	C	D
			
volteado	cambiado		cambiado

04

Modelo



Giro: **270°**

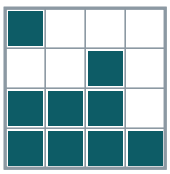
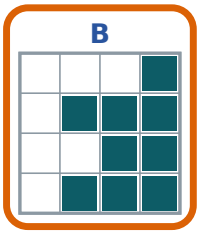
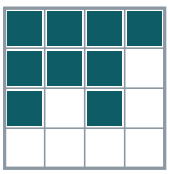
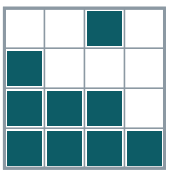
A	B	C	D
			
	cambiado	volteado	cambiado

05

Modelo



Giro: **270°**

A	B	C	D
			
cambiado		volteado	cambiado